

***CITY OF SUMTER,  
SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022***



Issued by:  
City of Sumter  
Finance Department

Mary E. (Beth) Reames, CGFO  
Finance Director

Deron L. McCormick  
City Manager



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December 8, 2022

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Sumter, South Carolina,

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments annually publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Sumter (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by The Brittingham Group, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement presentation; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Regulatory section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

## **Profile of the Government**

The City of Sumter, chartered in 1845, is located near the geographic center of the state, approximately 100 miles west of the Atlantic Ocean and approximately 175 miles east of the Blue Ridge Mountains. The City currently serves a population in excess of 40,000 and encompasses a land mass of approximately 27 square miles. The government is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City of Sumter holds the distinction of being the first to adopt the council-manager form of government in 1912 and still operates under this form of government today. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council

consisting of the mayor and six other members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the directors of various departments. The Council is elected through a non-partisan election process. Council members and the mayor are elected to four-year terms in staggered elections. The mayor is elected at-large and council members are elected by ward.

The City provides a full range of services, including: police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; parks, recreational/cultural activities and events; sanitation services; water and sewer services; and storm water services.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager in the spring of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the council for review. The council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than June 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. The budget can be amended throughout the year with the approval of council. Budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained by the City Manager, who may make transfers of appropriations within and among functions and funds as necessary during the fiscal year. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented beginning on page 31 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

## **Local Economy**

### *Industry Sectors*

The most critical economic driver for the Sumter area continues to be Shaw Air Force Base. Employing over 9,000 active duty military and civilians, the base is by far the City's largest employer. Both the City and Sumter County governments have adopted policies that help protect the ongoing mission of this community asset. We are also seeing continued growth in the manufacturing sector, which is Sumter's leading (non-military) sector. After military and manufacturing, the industries in Sumter with the highest workforce employment are healthcare, retail, accommodation and food services, and educational services.

### *Notable Conditions and Trends*

Sumter's economy has remained stable despite some unfavorable economic conditions such as rising prices, labor shortages, and supply chain disruptions. Hospitality tax revenues increased by over \$100,000 in fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021, and Accommodations tax revenues increased by more than \$140,000 in comparison to the previous year. In addition, Sumter's unemployment rate has decreased to pre-pandemic levels and median household income is historically high. While we are optimistic about the future we will continue to monitor the overall economic environment in order to strategize for any future potential impacts.

### *Sumter Central Business District*

Downtown Sumter represents the historic center of government, commerce, spirituality, and health care for both the City and the County of Sumter. In the past this area has experienced disinvestment due to more suburban style development patterns. In recent years this trend is reversing locally and nationwide. Downtown Sumter has seen significant investment in new buildings, improvements to existing buildings, and improvements to public spaces. While it is still a work in progress, Downtown Sumter is becoming a more active, lively centerpiece for all facets of community life. The City plans to continue investing, and to seek new investment into the development of the downtown area.

## **Long Term Financial Planning**

Understanding existing conditions and trends within the community and surrounding areas is vital to the City's development of long term financial plans. Under the guidance of City Council, City officials are in constant communication with surrounding local governments and private sector businesses, as well as individual citizens of the community, in efforts to shape our financial planning to a mold that is consistent with the goals and objectives of the community as a whole. As a result of this "Team Sumter" approach, the City, along with our public and private counterparts, has been able to build comprehensive plans to help the Sumter community meet its challenges, achieve goals, and effect positive change. The goals developed during this process may require many different methods and actions but they all involve the planned expenditure of budgeted funds. While many initiatives may progress substantially throughout a single year, some of them require more time, effort, and resources. Although not required by law, in recognition of the need for long-term capital planning, the City

is constantly administering and critiquing multi-year capital plans for both its governmental and business-type activities. The City's planning and needs evaluation process involves an assessment of ongoing projects and initiatives as well as the identification of new projects and initiatives in an effort to maximize the value of services and support provided by the City. The City takes a collaborative approach by engaging with City Council and the public to develop methods and actions in advancing priorities of the City and chipping away at long term capital plans and objectives.

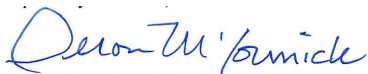
Ongoing projects include the installation of fiber and security cameras at City parks and other public spaces, expansion and renovation of the historic Sumter Opera House, further construction of the Shot Pouch Greenway, a new 3.4 mile nature trail that will connect Dillon Park to Swan Lake-Iris Gardens. Other Initiatives include neighborhood and downtown redevelopment, various quality of life projects, and continued investment in water & sewer infrastructure, and other public infrastructure. In addition, the City will continue to support efforts to keep Shaw Air Force Base open as it remains to be a key factor in the overall progress of the local economy. Historically, the funding for capital projects has come from a variety of sources including state appropriations, the capital penny sales tax (Penny for Progress), Community Development Block Grants and other various grants, Hospitality Tax revenues, Accommodations Tax revenues, charges for services, General Fund revenues, and revenue bonds.

### **Acknowledgements**

We would like to express our appreciation to the entire Finance staff for their dedicated services in the timely preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to those from other departments who helped compile the necessary information to prepare this report in its entirety.

In closing, we would like to also thank the Mayor and City Council for their continued support, leadership, and service to the City of Sumter.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Deron McCormick".

Deron McCormick, City Manager

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Beth Reames".

Beth Reames, CGFO, Finance Director

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Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of  
Achievement  
for Excellence  
in Financial  
Reporting**

Presented to

**City of Sumter  
South Carolina**

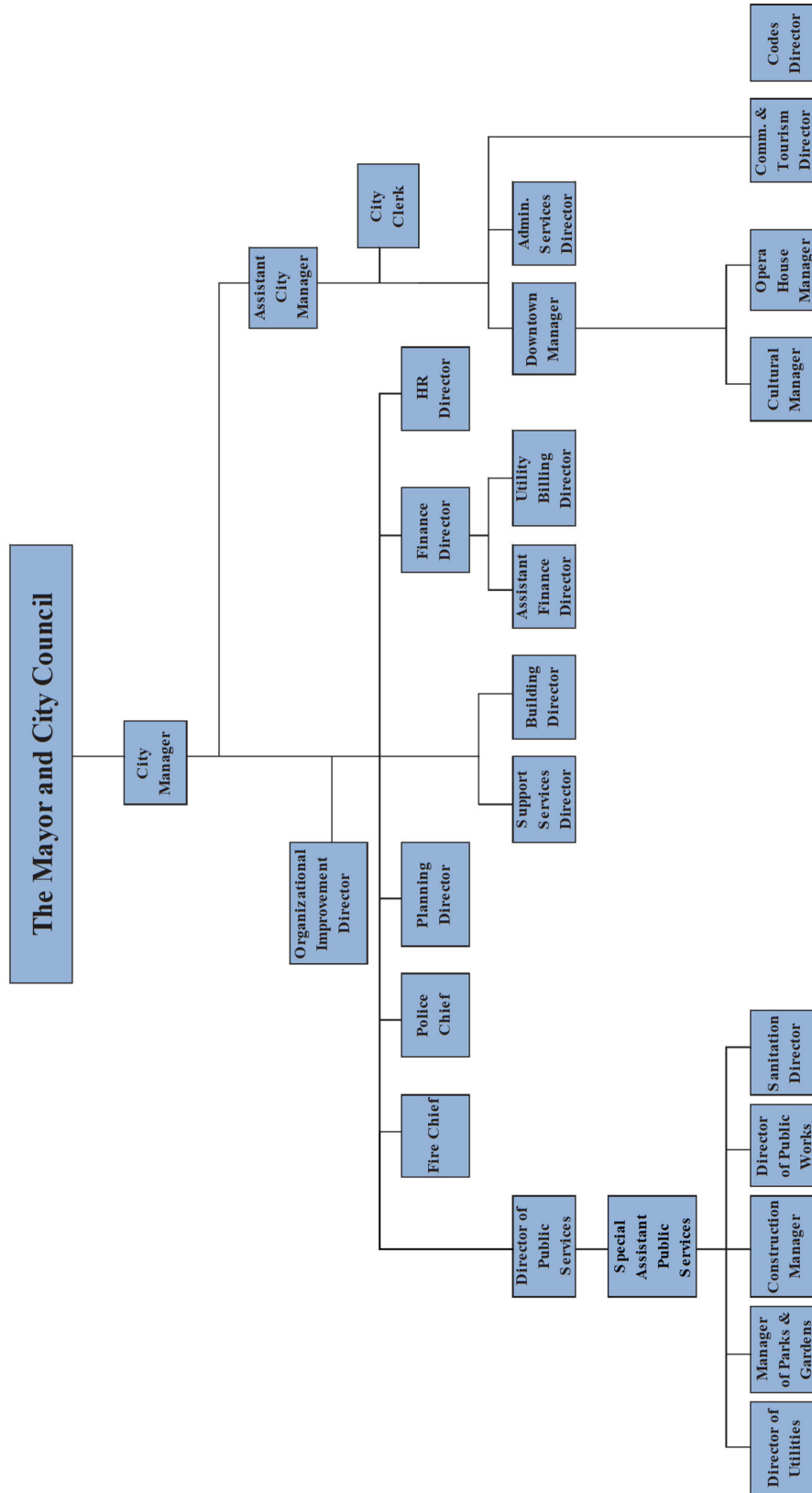
For its Annual Comprehensive  
Financial Report  
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

*Christopher P. Morill*

Executive Director/CEO

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**City of Sumter**  
South Carolina  
29151

OPERA HOUSE  
P.O. BOX 1449

T: (803) 436-2500  
F: (803) 436-2615

**ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS**

**MAYOR**

David P. Merchant

**CITY COUNCIL**

Vacant  
Ward 1

Calvin K. Hastie, Sr.  
Ward 3

Colin C. Davis  
Ward 5

James B. Blassingame  
Ward 2

Steven H. Corley  
Ward 4

Gifford M. Shaw  
Ward 6

**CITY MANAGER**  
Deron L. McCormick

**ASST. CITY MANAGER**  
Howard (Howie) J. Owens

**ORGANIZATIONAL IMPROVEMENT DIRECTOR**  
Mark W. Partin

**POLICE CHIEF**  
Russell F. Roark

**CITY CLERK**  
Linda D. Hammett

**FIRE CHIEF**  
C. Karl Ford

**PLANNING DIRECTOR**  
Helen M. Roodman

**HUMAN RESOURCES DIRECTOR**  
Audrey M. Shirley

**FINANCE DIRECTOR**  
Mary E. (Beth) Reames

**CODES DIRECTOR**  
John F. Macloskie

**UTILITY BUSINESS DIRECTOR**  
Candi D. Quiroz

**ASST. FINANCE DIRECTOR**  
Jonathan E. Flinchum

**PUBLIC SERVICES DIRECTOR**  
Michael E. Geddings, Jr.

**SUPPORT SERVICES DIRECTOR**  
Lefford L. Fate

**BUILDING DIRECTOR**  
Charles W. (Steve) Campbell

**ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIRECTOR**  
Staci L. Johnson

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## ***FINANCIAL SECTION***

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# THE BRITTINGHAM GROUP, L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

501 STATE STREET  
POST OFFICE BOX 5949  
WEST COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA 29171

PHONE: (803) 739-3090  
FAX: (803) 791-0834

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council  
City of Sumter  
21 North Main Street  
Post Office Box 1449  
Sumter, South Carolina 29151

### Report on the Financial Statements

#### *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sumter, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### *Basis for Opinions*

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### *Change in Accounting Principle*

As described in Note III to the financial statements, in 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 17–24, the Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Employer Contributions on pages 68-69 and Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions to OPEB on pages 71-72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Uniform Schedule of Court, Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96), Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – E911 Fund, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Uniform Schedule of Court, Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96), Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – E911 Fund, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### ***Other Information***

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprised the introductory and statical sections but not does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Brittingham Group LLP

West Columbia, South Carolina  
December 8, 2022

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

As management of the City of Sumter ("the City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the basic financial statements.

**Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2022 by \$131,441,862 (*net position*).
- The City's total net position increased by \$28,150,241 during the current period, as a result of an increase from governmental activities of \$24,440,286 and an increase from business-type activities of \$3,709,955.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36,858,055, an increase of \$18,201,810 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 36% of this total amount, \$13,389,054 is available for spending at the City's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$13,745,700, or approximately 28% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total outstanding long-term obligations decreased by \$3,718,727 during the current fiscal year.

**Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government administration, public safety and law enforcement, public works, parks, recreation and culture, community development, economic development and interest and other charges. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer services and storm water services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)**

**Fund Financial Statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

*Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City reports one major governmental fund, the general fund, and one non-major fund, the special revenue fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for these funds. Individual fund data for each of the special revenue funds that comprise the non-major governmental fund is provided in the *other supplementary information* of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-34 of this report.

*Proprietary funds* are used to account for activities where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to provide sound financial administration. The activities reported in proprietary funds are primarily supported by fees and charges. The City's proprietary funds include two *enterprise funds* – one major and one non-major. The City's water and sewer operation is considered to be its major enterprise fund, while the storm water operation is the non-major enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer fund and the storm water utility fund. Both activities are reported together in the government-wide statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-37 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains two different types of fiduciary funds. The *Private-purpose trust fund* is used to report resources held in trust for charitable purposes. The *Custodial fund* reports resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, organizations, and other governments.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-39 of this report.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)**

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41-66 of this report.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability in relation to its participation in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and its contributions to said plan. In addition, this section reports on the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide other post-employment benefits to its employees. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 68-73 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 75-89 of this report.

**Government-Wide Overall Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$131,441,862 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

**Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 44,259,905	\$ 30,513,902	\$ 19,545,394	\$ 18,503,522	\$ 63,805,299	\$ 49,017,424
Capital assets	89,734,138	85,472,702	107,575,033	107,687,542	197,309,171	193,160,244
Total assets	133,994,043	115,986,604	127,120,427	126,191,064	261,114,470	242,177,668
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,597,237	9,713,374	3,567,858	3,939,212	12,165,095	13,652,586
Liabilities						
Noncurrent liabilities	66,127,364	77,785,506	54,386,902	59,249,771	120,514,266	137,035,277
Other liabilities	5,578,441	9,012,414	1,614,918	1,855,379	7,193,359	10,867,793
Total liabilities	71,705,805	86,797,920	56,001,820	61,105,150	127,707,625	147,903,070
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,709,645	4,166,514	2,420,433	469,049	14,130,078	4,635,563
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	75,531,689	73,593,680	66,774,411	64,598,978	142,306,100	138,192,658
Restricted	17,032,392	974,859	1,492,804	1,444,971	18,525,196	2,419,830
Unrestricted	(33,388,251)	(39,832,995)	3,998,817	2,512,128	(29,389,434)	(37,320,867)
Total net position	\$ 59,175,830	\$ 34,735,544	\$ 72,266,032	\$ 68,556,077	\$ 131,441,862	\$ 103,291,621

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (108%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (14%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)**



The City's overall net position increased by \$28,150,241 from the prior fiscal year. The key components of this increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental and business-type activities.

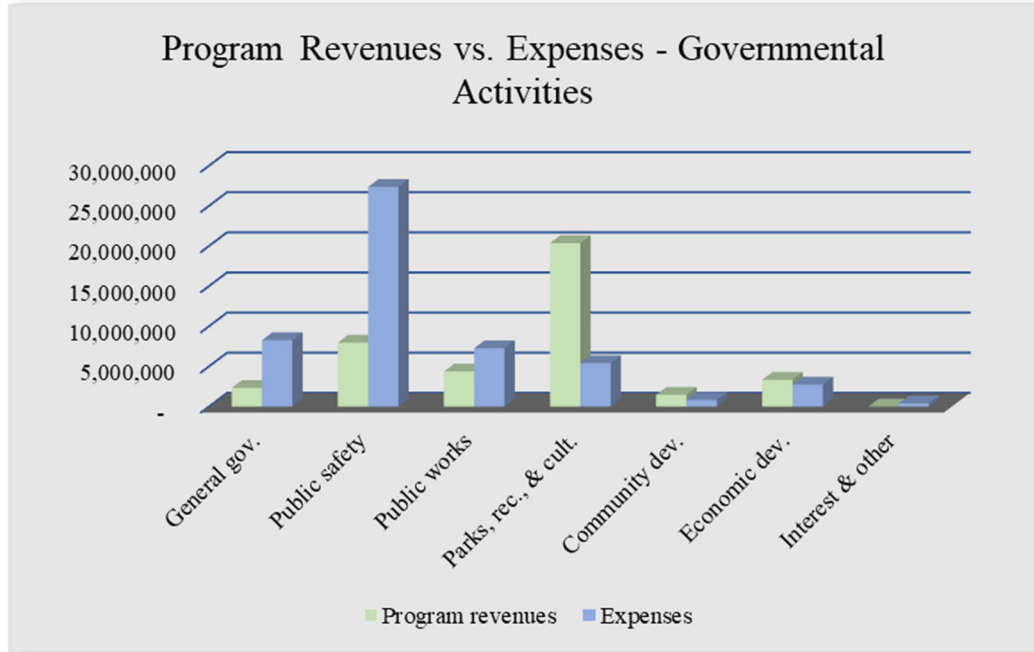
**Governmental Activities:** Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$24,440,286 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$59,175,830.

**Changes in Net Position**

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		<b>Total</b>	
	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 9,203,779	\$ 9,128,782	\$ 26,387,895	\$24,387,933	\$ 35,591,674	\$ 33,516,715
Operating grants and contributions	8,143,982	5,372,517	2,889,638	-	11,033,620	5,372,517
Capital grants and contributions	22,457,824	3,916,396	2,821,469	908,317	25,279,293	4,824,713
Total program revenues:	39,805,585	18,417,695	32,099,002	25,296,250	71,904,587	43,713,945
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	10,367,700	9,633,998	-	-	10,367,700	9,633,998
Sales taxes - local option	6,600,876	5,412,393	-	-	6,600,876	5,412,393
Sales taxes - local accommodations and hospitality	4,139,662	3,892,321	-	-	4,139,662	3,892,321
Business and franchise fees	11,947,378	11,218,098	-	-	11,947,378	11,218,098
State shared taxes	1,032,791	1,021,742	-	-	1,032,791	1,021,742
Other	748,623	582,131	225,381	270,827	974,004	852,958
Total general revenues	34,837,030	31,760,683	225,381	270,827	35,062,411	32,031,510
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>74,642,615</b>	<b>50,178,378</b>	<b>32,324,383</b>	<b>25,567,077</b>	<b>106,966,998</b>	<b>75,745,455</b>
<b>Expenses</b>						
General government	8,271,476	8,463,366	-	-	8,271,476	8,463,366
Public safety	27,364,813	26,504,213	-	-	27,364,813	26,504,213
Public works	7,267,741	7,144,712	-	-	7,267,741	7,144,712
Parks, recreation and culture	5,413,470	4,612,439	-	-	5,413,470	4,612,439
Community development	828,125	979,369	-	-	828,125	979,369
Economic development	2,742,698	2,455,838	-	-	2,742,698	2,455,838
Interest and other charges	395,911	434,051	-	-	395,911	434,051
Water and sewer services	-	-	26,532,523	25,603,019	26,532,523	25,603,019
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>52,284,234</b>	<b>50,593,988</b>	<b>26,532,523</b>	<b>25,603,019</b>	<b>78,816,757</b>	<b>76,197,007</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers</b>	<b>22,358,381</b>	<b>(415,610)</b>	<b>5,791,860</b>	<b>(35,942)</b>	<b>28,150,241</b>	<b>(451,552)</b>
Transfers	2,081,905	1,741,845	(2,081,905)	(1,741,845)	-	-
<b>Change in net position</b>	<b>24,440,286</b>	<b>1,326,235</b>	<b>3,709,955</b>	<b>(1,777,787)</b>	<b>28,150,241</b>	<b>(451,552)</b>
Net position - beginning of year	34,735,544	33,409,309	68,556,077	70,333,864	103,291,621	103,743,173
<b>Net position - end of year</b>	<b>\$ 59,175,830</b>	<b>\$ 34,735,544</b>	<b>\$ 72,266,032</b>	<b>\$ 68,556,077</b>	<b>\$ 131,441,862</b>	<b>\$ 103,291,621</b>



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)**



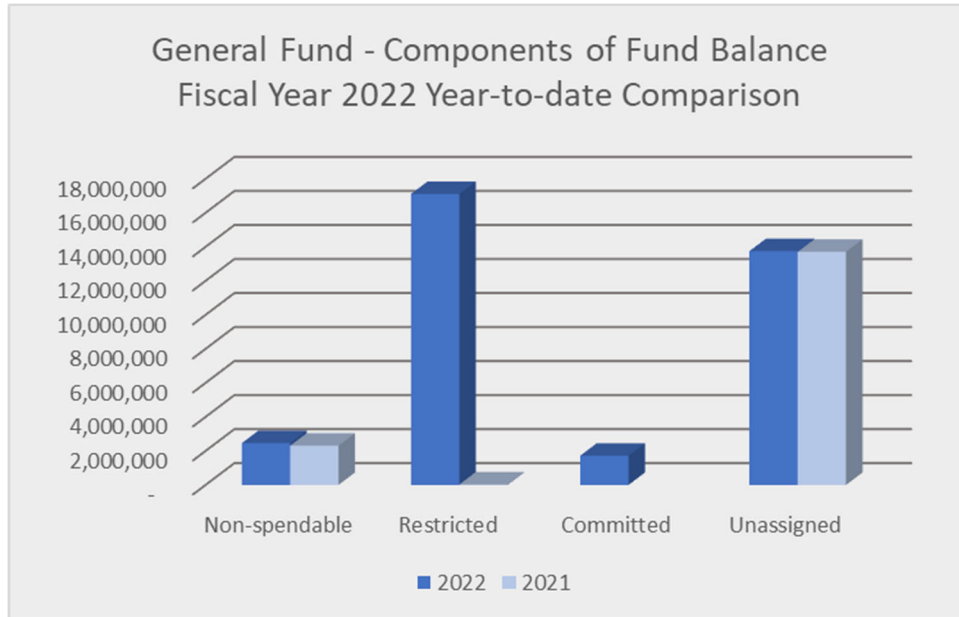
**Business-Type Activities:** Business-type activities increased the City's net position during the current year by \$3,709,955, a 5.4% increase, for an ending balance of \$72,266,032. Total operating revenues increased by \$1,999,962 (8.2%) while total operating expenses increased by \$929,504 (3.6%).

#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the government itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by City Council.

As of June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$36,858,055, an increase of \$18,201,810 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 36% of this amount (\$13,389,054) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted or committed to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$2,458,644), 2) restricted for specific purposes (\$19,292,250) or 3) committed for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's government (\$1,718,107).

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)**



The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$13,745,700 with a total fund balance of \$35,029,864. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 28% of total general fund expenditures while total fund balance represents 72% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$18,986,380 during the current fiscal year. The increase is primarily in relation to fiscal year 2022 capital and operating grants and contributions. Most notably, the City received an appropriation from the state in the amount of \$15,000,000 for the Opera House renovation and expansion project. During the current fiscal year, general revenues increased 9.7% (\$3,076,347) while expenditures increased 3.3% (\$1,690,246) over previous year. The chart above is an illustration of the change in fund balance. Both restricted and unassigned fund balance increased for fiscal year 2022.

**Proprietary Funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer operations and the storm water operations at the end of the fiscal year was \$3,998,817. The unrestricted net position increased by \$1,486,689 from the prior fiscal year. Total net position increased by \$3,709,955.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

*Original budget compared to final budget.* Revenues were \$23,848,541 (62%) greater compared to the final budget while expenditures were \$3,375,767 more than the final budget. The positive variance in revenues is related primarily to higher than projected revenues from State and Federal Governments (\$20,650,131), Sales & Property Taxes (\$1,074,041) and Licenses, permits and franchise fees (\$559,400). The negative variance in expenditures is mostly related to capital expenditures which were paid for with debt proceeds from a prior year and the use of current year over-budget revenues.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)**

**Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** As reflected in the table below, the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2022, was \$197,309,171 (net of accumulated depreciation).

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land	\$ 15,596,695	\$ 14,950,754	\$ 1,417,254	\$ 1,417,254	\$ 17,013,949	\$ 16,368,008
Other non-depreciable	1,099,640	1,099,640	-	-	1,099,640	1,099,640
Buildings	39,786,517	39,201,394	2,682,938	2,737,996	42,469,455	41,939,390
Plants, machinery and equipment	9,246,861	10,025,815	44,165,806	45,935,703	53,412,667	55,961,518
Distribution and collection system	-	-	53,179,438	50,845,920	53,179,438	50,845,920
Wells and tanks	-	-	4,280,398	3,624,472	4,280,398	3,624,472
Infrastructure	12,914,642	13,422,654	-	-	12,914,642	13,422,654
Construction in progress	11,089,783	6,772,445	1,849,199	3,126,197	12,938,982	9,898,642
Totals	\$ 89,734,138	\$ 85,472,702	\$ 107,575,033	\$ 107,687,542	\$ 197,309,171	\$ 193,160,244

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Routine replacement of vehicles, lease purchases of sanitation and fire trucks and various equipment at a cost of \$1,947,382.
- Completion of various construction projects including a lazy river at the Aquatics Center, United Ministry building improvements and improvements at Palmetto and Crosswell Parks. The total cost of all construction projects completed and placed into service for governmental activities during the year was \$1,343,108.
- Completion of a new well at Water Plant # 5 and the Mayesville sewer connection to the City in the amount of \$3,328,499. Both of these projects were included in the City's construction in process at the end of fiscal year 2021. The combined balance for both projects at that time was \$2,785,747.
- Additional costs for ongoing construction in progress for various water, wastewater and storm water projects in the amount of \$1,508,749.
- Routine replacement of equipment and vehicles for water and sewer and storm water operations at a cost of \$1,361,559.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note II. D on pages 50-52.

**Long-term Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$58,685,297. Of this amount, \$4,551,000 of general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's long-term obligations comprises revenue bonds, capital leases, and notes payable.

**Outstanding Debt.** Bonds, Notes Payable and Capital Leases:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,551,000	\$ 5,319,333	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,551,000	\$ 5,319,333
Tax increment financing bonds	3,045,000	3,400,000	-	-	3,045,000	3,400,000
Revenue bonds (hospitality)	4,017,000	4,287,000	-	-	4,017,000	4,287,000
Notes payable	314,000	368,000	-	-	314,000	368,000
Capital lease obligations	4,228,744	4,580,326	309,553	453,547	4,538,297	5,033,873
Revenue bonds (water & sewer)	-	-	42,220,000	44,460,000	42,220,000	44,460,000
Total	\$ 16,155,744	\$ 17,954,659	\$ 42,529,553	\$ 44,913,547	\$ 58,685,297	\$ 62,868,206

The City's total debt decreased by \$4,182,909 (6.7%) during the current fiscal year. The City entered into a capital lease agreement in the amount of \$977,442 to purchase certain capital equipment during the year.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)**

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8% of its total assessed valuation of property. The current debt limitation for the City is \$12,448,276, which is in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. Additional information on the City of Sumter's long-term debt can be found in Note II, E on pages 53-55.

**Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

In addition to the constant evaluation and need for capital improvements to the water and sewer and storm water systems, the City continues to invest and to seek investment into downtown development. Moving forward, the funding for these capital improvements will come from various outside funding sources, including state appropriations, federal grants, and private donations.

The fiscal year 2022-2023 budget was adopted with an appropriation of \$47,333,308 for the general fund (including TIF fund appropriations). There was no increase in the City's total millage rate for 2022-2023, which is currently 102 mills.

City management continuously evaluates the overall economic picture and recognizes the challenges that may be ahead with funding various planned future capital projects. In addition to the current rate of inflation and supply-chain disruptions, the proposed 2022 Sumter County Capital Penny Sales Tax Referendum was rejected by voters in November. The absence of this important funding source will undoubtedly present new challenges to the City's plans for projects and initiatives designed to help drive local economic development.

**Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, Post Office Box 1449, Sumter, South Carolina 29151.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**June 30, 2022**

	Governmental	Business	
	Activities	Type	Total
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,115,031	\$ 6,429,669	\$ 22,544,700
Investments	1,182,255	8,031,975	9,214,230
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	5,929,267	3,590,946	9,520,213
Inventories	521,635	-	521,635
Prepaid items	212,321	-	212,321
Property held for resale	1,724,688	-	1,724,688
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	18,574,708	1,492,804	20,067,512
Capital assets, not being depreciated	27,786,118	3,266,453	31,052,571
Capital assets, depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	61,948,020	104,308,580	166,256,600
Total Assets	133,994,043	127,120,427	261,114,470
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred loss on bond refunding	-	1,728,931	1,728,931
Deferred pension charges	7,899,102	1,664,395	9,563,497
Deferred other post employment benefits charges	698,135	174,532	872,667
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,597,237	3,567,858	12,165,095
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,165,145	782,925	3,948,070
Retainage payable	306,563	-	306,563
Accrued interest payable	227,569	133,638	361,207
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings	1,592,122	313,123	1,905,245
Court bonds and confiscated funds payable	213,735	-	213,735
Customer deposits	3,750	385,232	388,982
Unearned revenue	69,557	-	69,557
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	4,673,172	2,678,701	7,351,873
Due in more than one year	16,785,417	40,691,718	57,477,135
Net pension liability	37,779,879	9,294,259	47,074,138
Net other post employment benefits liability	6,888,896	1,722,224	8,611,120
Total Liabilities	71,705,805	56,001,820	127,707,625
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred revenue - local option sales tax	859,790	-	859,790
Deferred revenue - grants and contributions	603,584	-	603,584
Deferred pension credits	7,142,054	1,644,378	8,786,432
Deferred other post employment benefits credits	3,104,217	776,055	3,880,272
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,709,645	2,420,433	14,130,078
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	75,531,689	66,774,411	142,306,100
Restricted for:			
Debt service	-	1,492,804	1,492,804
Parks, recreation and culture	14,719,455	-	14,719,455
Community development	749,081	-	749,081
Economic development	1,043,819	-	1,043,819
Public safety and law enforcement	520,037	-	520,037
Unrestricted	(33,388,251)	3,998,817	(29,389,434)
Total Net Position	\$ 59,175,830	\$ 72,266,032	\$ 131,441,862

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$ 8,271,476	\$ 98,343	\$ 2,223,462	\$ -	\$ (5,949,671)	\$ -	\$ (5,949,671)
Public safety and law enforcement	27,364,813	5,218,777	2,739,448	-	(19,406,588)	-	(19,406,588)
Public works	7,267,741	3,289,978	1,073,890	-	(2,903,873)	-	(2,903,873)
Parks, recreation and culture	5,413,470	530,386	129,538	19,712,810	14,959,264	-	14,959,264
Community development	828,125	-	1,452,352	-	624,227	-	624,227
Economic development	2,742,698	66,295	525,292	2,745,014	593,903	-	593,903
Interest on long-term debt	395,911	-	-	-	(395,911)	-	(395,911)
Total governmental activities	52,284,234	9,203,779	8,143,982	22,457,824	(12,478,649)	-	(12,478,649)
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer	26,532,523	26,387,895	2,889,638	2,821,469	-	5,566,479	5,566,479
Total business-type activities	26,532,523	26,387,895	2,889,638	2,821,469	-	5,566,479	5,566,479
Total	\$ 78,816,757	\$ 35,591,674	\$ 11,033,620	\$ 25,279,293	\$ (12,478,649)	\$ 5,566,479	\$ (6,912,170)
General revenues:							
Property taxes					\$ 10,367,700	\$ -	\$ 10,367,700
Sales taxes - local option					6,600,876	-	6,600,876
Sales taxes - local accommodations and hospitality					4,139,662	-	4,139,662
Franchise taxes and business licenses					11,947,378	-	11,947,378
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					1,032,791	-	1,032,791
Gain (loss) on sale or disposition of capital assets					526,176	-	526,176
Unrestricted interest income					76,831	81,224	158,055
Other					145,616	144,157	289,773
Transfers					2,081,905	(2,081,905)	-
Total general revenues and transfers					36,918,935	(1,856,524)	35,062,411
Change in net position					24,440,286	3,709,955	28,150,241
Net position - beginning of year					34,735,544	68,556,077	103,291,621
Net position - end of year					\$ 59,175,830	\$ 72,266,032	\$ 131,441,862

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**BALANCE SHEET –**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**June 30, 2022**

	General	Non-Major	Total
	Fund	Governmental	Governmental
		Funds	Funds
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,506,068	\$ 2,608,963	\$ 16,115,031
Investments	1,182,255	-	1,182,255
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	3,187,509	2,741,758	5,929,267
Due from other funds	3,414,975	-	3,414,975
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	17,107,412	1,467,296	18,574,708
Prepaid items	212,321	-	212,321
Inventories	521,635	-	521,635
Property held for resale	1,724,688	-	1,724,688
Total assets	<u>\$ 40,856,863</u>	<u>\$ 6,818,017</u>	<u>\$ 47,674,880</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,599,983	\$ 565,162	\$ 3,165,145
Retainage payable	306,563	-	306,563
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings	1,534,857	57,265	1,592,122
Customer Deposits	2,450	1,300	3,750
Unearned Revenue	50,267	19,290	69,557
Escrow for seized funds and bonds	854	212,881	213,735
Due to other funds	-	3,414,975	3,414,975
Total liabilities	<u>4,494,974</u>	<u>4,270,873</u>	<u>8,765,847</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	365,142	-	365,142
Unavailable revenue - local option sales tax	859,790	-	859,790
Unavailable revenue - notes and mortgages	107,093	115,369	222,462
Unavailable revenue - grants and contributions	-	603,584	603,584
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,332,025</u>	<u>718,953</u>	<u>2,050,978</u>
<b>Fund Balances:</b>			
Nonspendable			
Prepaid items	212,321	-	212,321
Inventories	521,635	-	521,635
Property held for resale	1,724,688	-	1,724,688
Restricted			
Purchase of capital assets	792,562	1,467,296	2,259,858
Parks, recreation and culture	14,719,455	-	14,719,455
Community development	551,577	197,504	749,081
Economic development	1,043,819	-	1,043,819
Public safety and law enforcement	-	520,037	520,037
Committed			
General government administration	940,725	-	940,725
Parks, recreation and culture	4,730	-	4,730
Public works	58,424	-	58,424
Community development	376,768	-	376,768
Public safety and law enforcement	337,460	-	337,460
Unassigned	13,745,700	(356,646)	13,389,054
Total fund balances	<u>35,029,864</u>	<u>1,828,191</u>	<u>36,858,055</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 40,856,863</u>	<u>\$ 6,818,017</u>	<u>\$ 47,674,880</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**June 30, 2022**

Amounts reported for government activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance of governmental funds (page 29)	\$ 36,858,055
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	89,734,138
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are considered deferred inflows of resources in the funds:	
Property taxes	365,142
Mortgages/Contributions	222,462
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds:	
Accrued compensated absences	(5,302,845)
Accrued interest	(227,569)
Bonds and leases payable	(16,155,744)
Net pension liability	(37,779,879)
Net other post employment benefits liability	(6,888,896)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Deferred pension charges	7,899,102
Deferred other post employment benefits charges	698,135
Deferred pension credits	(7,142,054)
Deferred other post employment benefits credits	(3,104,217)
Net position of governmental activities (page 27)	<u><u>\$ 59,175,830</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	General	Non-Major	Total
	Fund	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
<b>Revenues</b>			
Taxes			
Property and vehicle and fire fees	\$ 10,383,581	\$ -	\$ 10,383,581
Sales	6,600,876	4,139,662	10,740,538
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees	11,317,486	1,402,731	12,720,217
Intergovernmental revenue			
State and federal government	21,787,281	4,505,511	26,292,792
Local governments	6,146,039	59,763	6,205,802
Charges for services			
Sanitation fees and container rentals	3,273,391	-	3,273,391
Other	508,860	-	508,860
Fines, fees, and forfeitures	180,195	18,286	198,481
Interest income and investment return	60,156	16,675	76,831
Other	2,343,161	95,825	2,438,986
Total revenues	62,601,026	10,238,453	72,839,479
<b>Expenditures</b>			
Current			
General government administration	6,992,646	475,236	7,467,882
Public safety and law enforcement	22,569,206	1,934,707	24,503,913
Public works	5,074,269	198,613	5,272,882
Parks, recreation and culture	3,041,413	1,402,651	4,444,064
Community development	-	465,058	465,058
Economic development	1,399,466	838,313	2,237,779
Debt Service			
Principal retirement-bond obligations	1,123,335	324,000	1,447,335
Principal retirement-capital lease obligations	1,329,022	-	1,329,022
Interest and fiscal charges	311,198	98,722	409,920
Capital Outlay			
Public safety	1,395,104	1,240,834	2,635,938
Public works	866,551	-	866,551
Parks, recreation and culture	4,151,964	1,932,185	6,084,149
Economic development	750,955	398,077	1,149,032
Total expenditures	49,005,129	9,308,396	58,313,525
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	13,595,897	930,057	14,525,954
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>			
Transfers in	3,865,032	845,315	4,710,347
Transfers out	(68,500)	(2,559,942)	(2,628,442)
Sale of capital assets	616,509	-	616,509
Issuance of debt - capital lease	977,442	-	977,442
Total other financing sources	5,390,483	(1,714,627)	3,675,856
Net change in fund balances	18,986,380	(784,570)	18,201,810
Fund balances, beginning of year	16,043,484	2,612,761	18,656,245
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 35,029,864	\$ 1,828,191	\$ 36,858,055

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND**  
**BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 28) are different because:

Net change in fund balances -- total governmental funds (page 31)	\$ 18,201,810
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Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital outlays capitalized	10,735,670
Depreciation expense not recorded in funds	(7,676,742)
Loss on disposition of capital assets	(90,333)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Property taxes	(15,881)
Donated capital assets	1,292,841
Mortgages/Contributions	(132,821)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:

Payments on long-term debt	2,776,357
Issuance of long-term debt	(977,442)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Accrued interest	14,009
Compensated absences	(477,938)

Changes in the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the State Retirement Plan for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities

305,458

Changes in the City's net other post employment benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the City's OPEB Plan for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities

485,298

Change in net position of governmental activities (page 28)

	\$ 24,440,286
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Page 1 of 2

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Over
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 15,910,416	\$ 15,910,416	\$ 10,383,581	\$ (5,526,835)
Sales	-	-	6,600,876	6,600,876
Licenses, permits and franchise fees	10,758,086	10,758,086	11,317,486	559,400
Intergovernmental revenue				
State and federal government	1,137,150	1,137,150	21,787,281	20,650,131
Local governments	4,768,619	4,768,619	6,146,039	1,377,420
Charges for services				
Sanitation fees and container rentals	3,260,538	3,260,538	3,273,391	12,853
Other	489,325	489,325	508,860	19,535
Fines, fees, and forfeitures	218,000	218,000	180,195	(37,805)
Interest income and investment return	50,000	50,000	60,156	10,156
Other	168,000	2,160,351	2,343,161	182,810
Total revenues	36,760,134	38,752,485	62,601,026	23,848,541
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
<b>General government administration:</b>				
Administration	2,895,025	2,895,025	2,914,822	19,797
City store	111,260	111,260	102,458	(8,802)
Planning	911,985	911,985	692,578	(219,407)
Business license department	345,362	345,362	198,084	(147,278)
Appropriations to other agencies	88,543	88,543	226,221	137,678
General insurance	800,000	800,000	1,210,176	410,176
Retiree insurance	515,716	515,716	449,606	(66,110)
Maintenance contracts	854,983	854,983	779,440	(75,543)
Miscellaneous	222,232	222,232	419,261	197,029
	6,745,106	6,745,106	6,992,646	247,540
<b>Public Safety and Law Enforcement:</b>				
Police	13,651,004	13,651,004	13,146,605	(504,399)
Fire	7,545,346	7,545,346	7,909,559	364,213
Building inspection	978,148	978,148	806,677	(171,471)
Codes enforcement	485,725	485,725	453,826	(31,899)
Municipal court	233,697	233,697	252,539	18,842
	22,893,920	22,893,920	22,569,206	(324,714)
<b>Public Works:</b>				
Construction	777,974	777,974	625,380	(152,594)
Public works	1,228,727	1,228,727	1,216,695	(12,032)
Buildings and grounds maintenance	5,000	5,000	1,459	(3,541)
Sanitation	3,079,140	3,079,140	3,133,743	54,603
Vehicle maintenance	180,849	180,849	96,992	(83,857)
	5,271,690	5,271,690	5,074,269	(197,421)

*Continued*

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Page 2 of 2

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Over
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
<b>Parks, recreation and culture</b>				
Parks	1,231,797	1,231,797	1,180,569	(51,228)
Gardens	782,955	782,955	783,014	59
Tennis	504,059	504,059	790,338	286,279
Aquatics	392,002	392,002	230,517	(161,485)
Opera House	48,000	48,000	56,975	8,975
	<u>2,958,813</u>	<u>2,958,813</u>	<u>3,041,413</u>	<u>82,600</u>
<b>Economic Development:</b>				
Downtown revitalization programs	782,816	782,816	629,044	(153,772)
Liberty Center	32,500	32,500	33,995	1,495
Hope Centers	761,219	761,219	736,427	(24,792)
	<u>1,576,535</u>	<u>1,576,535</u>	<u>1,399,466</u>	<u>(177,069)</u>
<b>Debt service</b>				
Principal retirement-bond obligations	1,123,333	1,123,333	1,123,335	2
Principal retirement-capital lease obligations	1,329,869	1,329,869	1,329,022	(847)
Interest and fiscal charges	310,920	310,920	311,198	278
	<u>2,764,122</u>	<u>2,764,122</u>	<u>2,763,555</u>	<u>(567)</u>
<b>Capital Outlay</b>				
General government administration	55,700	55,700	-	(55,700)
Public safety	206,025	206,025	1,395,104	1,189,079
Public works	1,075,000	1,075,000	866,551	(208,449)
Parks, recreation and culture	90,100	1,782,451	4,151,964	2,369,513
Economic Development:	-	300,000	750,955	450,955
	<u>1,426,825</u>	<u>3,419,176</u>	<u>7,164,574</u>	<u>3,745,398</u>
 Total expenditures	 <u>43,637,011</u>	 <u>45,629,362</u>	 <u>49,005,129</u>	 <u>3,375,767</u>
 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (6,876,877)	 (6,876,877)	 13,595,897	 20,472,774
 <b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfers in	3,790,377	3,790,377	3,865,032	74,655
Transfers out	(68,500)	(68,500)	(68,500)	-
Sale of capital assets	300,000	300,000	616,509	316,509
Proceeds of capital leases	1,505,000	1,505,000	977,442	(527,558)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>5,526,877</u>	<u>5,526,877</u>	<u>5,390,483</u>	<u>(136,394)</u>
 Net change in fund balances	 (1,350,000)	 (1,350,000)	 18,986,380	 20,336,380
Fund balances, beginning of year	16,043,484	16,043,484	16,043,484	-
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 14,693,484</u>	<u>\$ 14,693,484</u>	<u>\$ 35,029,864</u>	<u>\$ 20,336,380</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**June 30, 2022**

Assets	Enterprise Funds		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Non-major Storm Water Utility Fund	Totals
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,975,001	\$ 1,454,668	\$ 6,429,669
Investments	8,031,975	-	8,031,975
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	3,157,251	433,695	3,590,946
Total current assets	16,164,227	1,888,363	18,052,590
Non-current assets:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,492,804	-	1,492,804
Capital assets, not being depreciated	3,154,294	112,159	3,266,453
Capital assets, depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	101,011,973	3,296,607	104,308,580
Total non-current assets	105,659,071	3,408,766	109,067,837
Total assets	121,823,298	5,297,129	127,120,427
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Deferred loss on bond refunding	1,728,931	-	1,728,931
Deferred pension charges	1,634,624	29,771	1,664,395
Deferred other post employment benefits charges	174,532	-	174,532
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,538,087	29,771	3,567,858
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Current liabilities:			
Accrued interest payable	133,638	-	133,638
Accounts payable	633,323	149,602	782,925
Accrued payroll	307,054	6,069	313,123
Customer deposits	385,232	-	385,232
Compensated absences payable	265,236	3,841	269,077
Bonds and leases payable - current portion	2,409,624	-	2,409,624
Total current liabilities	4,134,107	159,512	4,293,619
Non-current liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable	563,624	8,165	571,789
Bonds and leases payable	40,119,929	-	40,119,929
Net pension liability	9,149,623	144,636	9,294,259
Net other post employment benefits liability	1,722,224	-	1,722,224
Total non-current liabilities	51,555,400	152,801	51,708,201
Total liabilities	55,689,507	312,313	56,001,820
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Deferred pension credits	1,614,873	29,505	1,644,378
Deferred other post employment benefits credits	776,055	-	776,055
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,390,928	29,505	2,420,433
<b>Net Position</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	63,365,645	3,408,766	66,774,411
Restricted for debt service	1,492,804	-	1,492,804
Unrestricted	2,422,501	1,576,316	3,998,817
Total net position	\$ 67,280,950	\$ 4,985,082	\$ 72,266,032

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	Enterprise Funds		
	Non-major		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Storm Water Utility Fund	Totals
<b>Operating revenue</b>			
Charges for services			
Water	\$ 11,302,854	\$ -	\$ 11,302,854
Sewer	11,634,619	-	11,634,619
Storm water	-	829,732	829,732
Other operating revenue	2,395,721	-	2,395,721
Total operating revenues	25,333,194	829,732	26,162,926
<b>Operating expenses</b>			
Salaries and wages	5,443,805	104,157	5,547,962
Employee benefits	2,267,135	44,649	2,311,784
Utilities	2,092,910	-	2,092,910
Purchased services	1,408,651	329,177	1,737,828
Materials and supplies	1,908,664	16,274	1,924,938
Other operating expense	3,847,046	2,978	3,850,024
Depreciation	5,925,618	309,256	6,234,874
Total operating expenses	22,893,829	806,491	23,700,320
Operating income	2,439,365	23,241	2,462,606
<b>Non-operating revenues (expenses)</b>			
Interest expense	(1,716,954)	-	(1,716,954)
Other grants and contributions	2,889,638	-	2,889,638
Miscellaneous expense	-	(73,115)	(73,115)
Interest income and investment return	81,224	-	81,224
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(557,615)	-	(557,615)
Economic Development	(259,550)	-	(259,550)
Miscellaneous revenue	144,157	-	144,157
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	580,900	(73,115)	507,785
Income before contributions and transfers	3,020,265	(49,874)	2,970,391
Capital grants and contributions	2,035,406	786,063	2,821,469
Transfers out	(2,081,905)	-	(2,081,905)
Change in net position	2,973,766	736,189	3,709,955
Total net position, beginning of year	64,307,184	4,248,893	68,556,077
Total net position, end of year	\$ 67,280,950	\$ 4,985,082	\$ 72,266,032

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	Enterprise Funds		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Non-major Storm Water Utility Fund	Totals
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 25,435,127	\$ 722,191	\$ 26,157,318
Payments to suppliers	(9,719,726)	(481,303)	(10,201,029)
Payments to employees	(7,928,233)	(152,058)	(8,080,291)
Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities	<u>7,787,168</u>	<u>88,830</u>	<u>7,875,998</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities</b>			
Other grants and contributions	2,889,638	-	2,889,638
Transfer to other fund	(2,081,905)	-	(2,081,905)
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	<u>807,733</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>807,733</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities</b>			
Proceeds from capital grants	500,000	112,159	612,159
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets	191,173	-	191,173
Purchase and construction of capital assets	(3,744,661)	(591,309)	(4,335,970)
Principal paid on capital debt	(2,383,994)	-	(2,383,994)
Interest paid on capital debt	(1,635,464)	-	(1,635,464)
Net Cash Flows Used by Capital Financing Activities	<u>(7,072,946)</u>	<u>(479,150)</u>	<u>(7,552,096)</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>			
Withdrawal from investments	3,000,000	-	3,000,000
Interest on cash and cash equivalents	36,223	-	36,223
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>3,036,223</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,036,223</u>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	4,558,178	(390,320)	4,167,858
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year</b>	1,909,627	1,844,988	3,754,615
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of year</b>	<u>\$ 6,467,805</u>	<u>\$ 1,454,668</u>	<u>\$ 7,922,473</u>
<b>Reconciliation of net operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:</b>			
Operating income	\$ 2,439,365	\$ 23,241	\$ 2,462,606
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	5,925,618	309,256	6,234,874
Change in current assets and liabilities:			
Increase in accounts receivable	(162,738)	(180,656)	(343,394)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources	271,397	3,905	275,302
Decrease in accrued absences	(12,199)	(1,557)	(13,756)
Increase in customer deposits	5,121	-	5,121
Decrease in accounts payable	(202,905)	(59,759)	(262,664)
Increase in accrued payroll	30,975	669	31,644
Decrease in net pension liability	(1,706,260)	(35,150)	(1,741,410)
Decrease in net OPEB liability	(723,709)	-	(723,709)
Increase in deferred inflows of resources	1,922,503	28,881	1,951,384
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 7,787,168</u>	<u>\$ 88,830</u>	<u>\$ 7,875,998</u>
<b>Noncash Capital and Related Financing Items</b>			
Capital contributions	\$ 1,535,406	\$ 673,904	\$ 2,209,310
Deferred charge on refunding	(96,052)	-	(96,052)
Net Noncash Capital and Related Financing Items	<u>\$ 1,439,354</u>	<u>\$ 673,904</u>	<u>\$ 2,113,258</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -**  
**FIDUCIARY FUNDS**  
**June 30, 2022**

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,371	\$ 5,365,104
Receivables:		
Charges for services	-	93,437
Charitable contributions	-	500
Total assets	<u>9,371</u>	<u>5,459,041</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable	-	402,960
Accrued salaries	-	1,730
Due to customers	-	55,225
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>459,915</u>
<b>Net Position</b>		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ 9,371</u>	<u>\$ 4,999,126</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -**  
**FIDUCIARY FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
<b>Additions</b>		
Charitable contributions	\$ -	\$ 2,400,211
Charges for services	-	1,153,941
Interest earned	20	12,614
Total additions	<u>20</u>	<u>3,566,766</u>
<b>Deductions</b>		
Distributions to/on behalf of beneficiaries	-	2,953,347
Program service expenditures	-	139,748
Utilities	-	203,396
Administrative	-	142,295
Other custodial disbursements	-	108,231
Total deductions	<u>-</u>	<u>3,547,017</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	20	19,749
Net position, beginning of year	<u>9,351</u>	<u>4,979,377</u>
Net position, end of year	<u><u>\$ 9,371</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,999,126</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

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**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**June 30, 2022**

**I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The City of Sumter, South Carolina was chartered in 1845 and incorporated in 1976. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government which it adopted in 1912. Under this form of government, the City is governed by six council members elected from single-member districts and a mayor elected at large who serves as council chair. The council is the legislative body of the City and has the major responsibility for determining the policies and direction of the municipal government. The City manager reports to Council and is responsible for the City's daily operations.

The City's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

**A. Reporting Entity**

As required by GAAP, basic financial statements of governmental units include not only information about the reporting, (i.e., primary) government but also about component units. Component units are organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or organizations which are sufficiently significant to the primary government that their exclusion could cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on the applicable criteria, the City has determined it has no component units and that it is not a component unit of another entity. Therefore, the City reports as a primary entity.

The City's fiduciary funds are not included in the government wide-financial statements. The City's fiduciary activities are used to report assets held by the City in a trustee or agency capacity and which, therefore, can't be used to support the City's own programs. The City's fiduciary funds are primarily revenue collected for water companies other than the City of Sumter's, and funds escrowed for their respective programs.

**B. Basis of Presentation**

The City's financial statements are presented from two perspectives, the government-wide perspective, and the fund perspective.

*The government-wide financial statements* consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The two statements report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the City (the "primary government"). Separate columns are used to distinguish between the City's *governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and the City's *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. *Governmental activities* generally incorporate data from governmental funds (see discussion below) while *business-type activities* generally incorporate data from enterprise funds.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the City and reports the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as net position, not as fund balance or equity. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

The use of multiple funds gives rise to interfund activity. Most, but not all, of this internal activity is eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. Except for net residual balances which are reported as internal balances, amounts reported in the funds as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position. Amounts reported in the funds as receivable from or payable to fiduciary funds are included in the statement of net position as receivable from and payable to external parties.

**Fund financial statements** present separate information for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Funds are independent fiscal and accounting entities with self-balancing sets of accounts. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds, if any, are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category of type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

**Governmental fund types** are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The City's expendable financial resources and related assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, (except for those accounted for in the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The City reports one major governmental fund, the general fund. The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the City and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. General operating expenditures, capital improvement costs, and general debt service that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

In addition, the City reports one nonmajor governmental fund type, the special revenue fund. The **Special Revenue Fund**, is used to account for the proceeds of designated specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative actions to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds consist of the following:

USDA Rural Business	HUD Section 108	CDBG Home
Downtown Loan	Federal/State Grants	Community Development Block Grants
Empowerment Zone	Main Street Society	Sunday Alcohol Permits
Local Hospitality Tax	State Accommodations Tax	Local Accommodations Tax
Narcotics	Victim's Assistance	E911
Firemen's		

**Proprietary Funds** are used to account for activities where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to provide sound financial administration. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds are primarily charges for services and fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the expense for providing goods and services, administrative expenses, maintenance, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

The City's proprietary funds include two *enterprise funds* which are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises — where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City reports one major enterprise fund, the *Water and Sewer Fund*, which is used to account for operations of the City's water and sewer system. The City also reports one nonmajor enterprise fund, the *Storm Water Utility Fund*.

*Fiduciary Fund Types* include the *Private Purpose Trust Fund* and the *Custodial Fund*. These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, organizations, and other governments. The private purpose trust fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust. The Custodial Fund is generally used to account for miscellaneous assets that the government holds on behalf of others.

**C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. As a general rule, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met. Additionally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except for amounts due between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be identified and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (generally not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, business licenses, charges for services, and hospitality fees. Revenues from state and federal grants are recorded when expenditures are incurred. Entitlements and shared revenues are recognized at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Interest revenue is considered available when earned.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payments are due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this method, the accrual basis of accounting is utilized, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. All assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

operating statements present increases (i.e., revenue) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position by distinguishing operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

**D. Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted for the general fund, the Local Hospitality, Local Accommodations, and the Victim's Assistance special revenue funds, and the Water and Sewer and Storm Water enterprise funds. The general fund, the three special revenue, and the two enterprise funds budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The City's administration prepares the budget no later than June 30. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, department, activity and object and can be amended throughout the year by City Council approval. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within and among functions and funds. The legal level of budgetary control is total expenditures for the four budgeted funds on an individual basis. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

**E. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance**

*Cash and cash equivalents*

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All investments are reported at fair value. Cash equivalents, for purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value due to changes in interest rates.

*Receivables and Payables*

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). Short-term advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate inter-fund receivable and payable accounts as "due to/from" funds.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectables. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 74 percent of outstanding property taxes at June 30, 2022.

Notes receivable are housing rehabilitation loans which were made under terms of expired Federal grant programs and recorded as receivables with offsetting deferred inflows of resources (explained later). Revenue is recognized only when cash is received.

*Inventories and Prepaid Items*

Inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventories in the general fund consist of fuel, cleaning and office supplies, and promotional items. Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to a future period are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

*Real Estate Held for Resale*

Real estate held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or its net realizable value.



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Restricted Assets*

Certain proceeds of general fund bonds and capital leases and enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Additionally, proceeds from certain appropriations and donations are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to specified projects. If both restricted and unrestricted resources are to be used for the same purpose, it is the government's policy to first use restricted resources. At year end the City reports restricted cash in the amount of \$20,067,512.

*Capital Assets*

Capital assets include all property, plant, equipment, vehicles, furniture, and infrastructure assets acquired or constructed. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with a unit cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life more than one year. These assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Construction in progress represents funds expended for construction of capital assets which have not yet been placed into service.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Machinery and equipment	3 to 10
Vehicles	5 to 10
Buildings and improvements	15 to 40
Water and sewer systems	40 to 75
Infrastructure	10 to 20

*Capitalized Interest*

Historically, the City has capitalized interest incurred (net of interest earned for tax exempt debt) in its proprietary funds during the construction of qualifying assets, however, during fiscal year 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*, which requires construction period interest to be recognized as an expense during the period it is incurred. Accordingly, during the year ended June 30, 2022, there was no capitalized interest incurred by the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund. In the past, the City has not capitalized interest on capital assets used in governmental activities. As such, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 does not affect the City's governmental activities.

*Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources*

In addition to assets, The City reports deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the City reports deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and fund statements. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods. The difference between Deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements and the government-wide statements consists primarily of unavailable revenue related to property taxes which did not meet the 'availability' criteria under the modified accrual basis of accounting (collected within 60 days after fiscal year end).

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Compensated Absences*

City employees may accumulate up to 90 days of earned but unused sick leave, but the City does not pay employees separating from service for unused sick leave. In lieu of overtime compensation, the City may credit employees with compensatory time at the rate of 1<sup>1/2</sup> hours for each overtime hour worked. Employees who are scheduled to work on a holiday may receive an alternate day off to be scheduled by their supervisor or receive holiday pay. There is no cap on accrued compensatory or holiday time/pay. Exempt employees are not eligible for compensatory or holiday time/pay. All City employees are eligible for paid vacation. Fire suppression employees may carry forward a maximum of 900 unused vacation hours from one year to the next, and other employees may carry forward up to 600 such hours. Employees who terminate employment with the City prior to retirement can be paid for up to 24 days of unused vacation, provided they work a two week notice and have not been discharged for disciplinary reasons. In the year of their retirement from service with the City, employees may use up to 30 days of annual leave and be paid for up to 45 days of unused annual leave. All compensatory, holiday, and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only when they mature because an employee resigns or retires. The General Fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences in governmental funds.

*Long-term obligations*

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position at the face amount of the debt issued. In accordance with GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, the City reports its share of the net pension liability in relation to the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans that it participates in, which are administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. The corresponding payments against the debt issued are reported as debt service expenditures.

*Property Taxes*

Taxes on real property are assessed as of January 1, levied the following September, due January 15, and become delinquent March 15. Liens attach to the property at the time the taxes are levied. The levy date for motor vehicle taxes is the first day of the month in which the motor vehicle license expires. These taxes are due by the last day of the same month.

*Net Position*

The components of the City's net position are classified as follows:

- *Net investment in capital assets:* This represents the City's total investment in capital assets, net of any outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets.
- *Restricted net position:* Restricted net position includes resources in which the City is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties such as state laws and lenders.
- *Unrestricted net position:* Unrestricted net position represents resources which may be used to meet current expenses for any purpose.

*Governmental Fund Balances*

Governmental fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the applicable governmental fund. The classifications are as follows:

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

- *Nonspendable:* The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts), or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted:* Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (i.e., city ordinances). Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.
- *Committed:* The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the City Council. Formal action may be in the form of an ordinance or a resolution. Both actions are equally binding for purposes of committing fund balance. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to commit those amounts previously. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- *Assigned:* Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or by a City official or body to which Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- *Unassigned:* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

*Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**F. Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) and additions to/deductions from SCRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SCRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**G. Other Post-Employment Benefits**

Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB") cost for retiree healthcare and similar, non-pension retiree benefits, is required to be measured and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see note III. D for more information), regardless of the amount recognized as OPEB expense on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual OPEB cost is equal to the annual required contributions to the OPEB Plan, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

**H. Capital Contributions**

On the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements the City reports contributions of capital as a result of outside capital asset contributions, contributions from other funds or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

**I. Leases**

According to GASB Statement No. 87 ("GASB 87"), a lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment. Any contract that meets this definition should be accounted for under new guidelines for accounting and reporting of leases in accordance with GASB 87, which became effective beginning with fiscal year 2022. Any impacts from GASB 87 are to be reflected in the government-wide or proprietary fund statements. There is no impact on the fund financial statements. Based on the applicable criteria, management has determined that the City is not party to any agreement (either as lessee or lessor) that meets the criteria described in GASB 87 as of June 30, 2022. For more information on GASB Statement No. 87, see Note III, F.

**II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

**A. Cash and Investments**

*Cash Deposits*

As of June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the government's bank deposits was \$16,547,343. Of this amount, \$1,217,320 are fiduciary in nature. The respective bank balances totaled \$17,804,914. \$1,648,729 was insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and \$15,690,464 was collateralized with securities held by financial institutions in the government's name. As of June 30, 2022, the City's bank deposits were undercollateralized by \$465,721. Also included with the City's reported cash and equivalents is \$4,900 in cash on hand.

*Investments*

As of June 30, 2022, in accordance with South Carolina law applicable to local government deposits and investments, the government had the following investments:

Investments	Maturities	Fair Value
Insured or registered, or held by the government or its agent in the government's name:		
Investment in South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund	Short-term	\$ 25,177,538
Federal Treasury Obligation Fund #398	Short-term	2,099,167
Repurchase Certificates-Treasury and federal agency securities	Short-term	9,162,458
Fidelity Prime Fund Daily Money Class	1 to 180 days	584
		<u>\$ 36,439,747</u>

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

The City's investments also include a life insurance contract on the life of an employee. At year end, this contract had a cash surrender value of \$51,772.

*South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund*

The South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund (the "Pool") funds are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any city treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. The Pool is a 2a 7-like pool which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a 7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools"*, investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's investments in repurchase agreements are valued using significant other observable inputs (Level 2). The SC State investment pool is measured at the Net Asset Value.

*Credit Risk*

State law limits local government investments to (1) obligations of the United States and agencies thereof; (2) general obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units; (3) savings and loan association deposits to the extent insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC); (4) certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by securities of the type described in (1) and (2) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, at a market value not less than the amount of certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements so secured, including interest; and (5) no load open and closed-end portfolios of certain investment companies with issues of the US Government. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the City's investment in the South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund was unrated. The government's investments in Federated Treasury Obligation Fund #398 and Fidelity Prime Fund Daily Money Class were both rated Aaa-mf by Moody's and AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

*Interest Rate Risk.*

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates over time will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City held no investments with original maturity greater than 3 months at year end. As such, management considers any interest rate risk as of June 30, 2022, to be insignificant.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

**B. Receivables**

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Water and Sewer Fund	Total
Current:				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 1,475,458	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,475,458
Sales and franchise	-	608,235	-	608,235
Intergovernmental	400,860	1,694,137	362,377	2,457,374
Accounts	2,312,622	-	2,284,725	4,597,347
Unbilled receivables	-	-	1,106,936	1,106,936
Loans and notes	107,093	439,386	45,000	591,479
Other	-	-	61,877	61,877
Non-current:				
Notes	-	-	177,750	177,750
Gross receivables	4,296,033	2,741,758	4,038,665	11,076,456
Less, allowance for uncollectibles	(1,108,524)	-	(447,719)	(1,556,243)
Net total receivables	<u>\$ 3,187,509</u>	<u>\$ 2,741,758</u>	<u>\$ 3,590,946</u>	<u>\$ 9,520,213</u>

**C. Unearned Revenue**

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At year end, the City reports \$69,557 in unearned revenue in relation to charges that were received in advance of the applicable reporting period.

**D. Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
<b>Governmental activities:</b>					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 14,950,754	\$ 679,365	\$ 33,424	\$ -	\$ 15,596,695
Non-depreciable Assets	1,099,640	-	-	-	1,099,640
Construction in progress	6,772,445	5,660,446	-	(1,343,108)	11,089,783
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>22,822,839</u>	<u>6,339,811</u>	<u>33,424</u>	<u>(1,343,108)</u>	<u>27,786,118</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	42,587,470	1,971,693	-	(767,442)	43,791,721
Buildings and improvements	60,302,476	696,287	16,000	2,110,550	63,093,313
Motor vehicles and outdoor equipment	29,068,812	1,947,382	1,595,340	-	29,420,854
Office equipment	6,803,914	1,073,338	651,867	-	7,225,385
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>138,762,672</u>	<u>5,688,700</u>	<u>2,263,207</u>	<u>1,343,108</u>	<u>143,531,273</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	29,164,816	1,876,836	-	(164,573)	30,877,079
Buildings and improvements	21,101,082	2,055,541	14,400	164,573	23,306,796
Motor vehicles and outdoor equipment	19,780,332	3,141,861	1,540,031	-	21,382,162
Office equipment	6,066,579	602,504	651,867	-	6,017,216
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>76,112,809</u>	<u>7,676,742</u>	<u>2,206,298</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>81,583,253</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>62,649,863</u>	<u>(1,988,042)</u>	<u>56,909</u>	<u>1,343,108</u>	<u>61,948,020</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 85,472,702</u>	<u>\$ 4,351,769</u>	<u>\$ 90,333</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 89,734,138</u>

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
<b>Business-type activities:</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,417,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,417,254
Construction in progress	3,126,197	2,051,501	3,328,499	1,849,199
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,543,451	2,051,501	3,328,499	3,266,453
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	3,395,575	36,186	-	3,431,761
Plants and improvements	86,799,467	154,184	-	86,953,651
Distribution and collection system	73,884,641	5,151,801	947,212	78,089,230
Wells and tanks	11,933,691	1,118,548	23,097	13,029,142
Machinery and equipment	15,060,628	1,361,559	505,924	15,916,263
Total capital assets being depreciated	191,074,002	7,822,278	1,476,233	197,420,047
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	657,579	91,244	-	748,823
Plants and improvements	43,609,849	2,161,391	-	45,771,240
Distribution and collection system	23,038,721	2,399,524	528,453	24,909,792
Wells and tanks	8,309,219	462,622	23,097	8,748,744
Machinery and equipment	12,314,543	1,120,093	501,768	12,932,868
Total accumulated depreciation	87,929,911	6,234,874	1,053,318	93,111,467
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	103,144,091	1,587,404	422,915	104,308,580
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 107,687,542	\$ 3,638,905	\$ 3,751,414	\$ 107,575,033

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 874,274
Public safety	2,937,697
Public works	2,076,444
Parks, recreation and culture	1,023,232
Community development	358,410
Economic development	406,685
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 7,676,742
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer services	\$ 5,925,618
Storm water services	309,256
Total depreciation expense - business type activities	\$ 6,234,874

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

Construction in progress and construction commitments for governmental activities and business-type activities consisted of the following at year end:

	Expenditures	Total	Contract
	To Date	Contract	Payments Remaining*
<i>Governmental Activities</i>			
Palmetto Tennis Center Expansion	\$ 7,708,106	\$ 8,313,868	\$ 605,762
Greir St. Extension	46,770	117,575	70,805
Shot Pouch Greenway	1,153,452	1,153,452	10,700
Military Museum	13,880	13,880	-
Stadium Rd. Fire Station Renovation-Architectural	6,000	6,000	-
Swan Lake Support Facilities Improvements	13,651	13,651	382,800
Manning Ave Park	11,520	11,520	-
Economic Development Board Building & Parking Lot Improvements	8,060	8,060	-
N. Main Street Corridor	521	521	-
Manning Avenue Corridor	521	521	-
Birnie Park Expansion	52,364	61,100	8,736
Fiber Project	224,087	224,087	100,278
Security Project	82,984	82,984	52,077
Shaw/Sumter Farm Support Facilities Improvements	651,687	704,267	135,677
Centennial Plaza Update	27,280	27,280	-
Opera House Expansion/Renovation	593,132	593,132	1,087,818
Fire Truck - 2022 Pumper	495,768	495,768	2,299
<i>Total Governmental</i>	<u>\$ 11,089,783</u>	<u>\$ 11,827,666</u>	<u>\$ 2,456,952</u>
<i>Business-type Activities</i>			
Public Services Administration Building	\$ 397,178	\$ 424,262	\$ 27,084
Mayesville Elevated Tank Replacement	24,511	75,000	50,489
Deschamps Rd Water Line Extension	5,506	8,400	2,894
Infrastructure - Nova Molecular Tech. Expansion	1,058,953	1,098,412	39,459
Inflow & Infiltration Study	225,022	369,679	144,657
Water Plant #3 Storage Tank Upgrade	25,870	56,500	30,630
Miller to Morgan Storm Water Improvements	48,104	198,260	150,156
Lafayette Storm Water Improvements	53,855	249,340	195,485
Crosswell Storm Water Improvements	10,200	310,400	300,200
<i>Total Business-type Activities</i>	<u>\$ 1,849,199</u>	<u>\$ 2,790,253</u>	<u>\$ 941,054</u>
	<u>\$ 12,938,982</u>	<u>\$ 14,617,919</u>	<u>\$ 3,398,006</u>

\* Not intended to represent total project balance remaining. Only represents balance remaining on current contracts. Certain projects may not have a current contract in place.



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

**E. Long-Term Obligations**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022, for both the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Details by type of obligation and a summary of debt service requirements follow.

*Summary of changes in long-term obligations:*

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<b>Governmental activities:</b>					
General obligation bonds	\$ 5,319,333	\$ -	\$ 768,333	\$ 4,551,000	\$ 512,000
Tax increment financing bonds	3,400,000	-	355,000	3,045,000	360,000
Revenue bonds	4,287,000	-	270,000	4,017,000	628,000
Notes payable	368,000	-	54,000	314,000	56,000
Capital leases	4,580,326	977,442	1,329,024	4,228,744	1,420,263
Compensated absences	4,824,907	2,951,068	2,473,130	5,302,845	1,696,909
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 22,779,566</u>	<u>\$ 3,928,510</u>	<u>\$ 5,249,487</u>	<u>\$ 21,458,589</u>	<u>\$ 4,673,172</u>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
Revenue bonds	\$ 44,460,000	\$ -	\$ 2,240,000	\$ 42,220,000	\$ 2,330,000
Capital leases	453,547	-	143,994	309,553	79,624
Compensated absences	854,622	425,468	439,224	840,866	269,077
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 45,768,169</u>	<u>\$ 425,468</u>	<u>\$ 2,823,218</u>	<u>\$ 43,370,419</u>	<u>\$ 2,678,701</u>

*General Obligation Bonds*

The City has issued general obligation bonds to provide for construction and purchase of capital assets used in carrying out its governmental activities. General obligation bonds have been issued only for general government activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the City's full faith and credit. As of year end, the City had general obligation bonds outstanding as follows:

\$6,000,000 Series 2018, payable in annual installments varying from \$647,460 to \$648,362 including interest at 2.98%, maturing July 15, 2029	<u>\$ 4,551,000</u>
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*Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Bonds Payable*

On October 13, 2016, the City issued its \$4,500,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bond, Series 2016 (TIF), to provide funds to defray the costs of certain downtown infrastructure improvements. The primary improvements to be defrayed with proceeds of the TIF are costs associated with the design and construction of a two level parking garage to be owned by the City. The TIF represents an obligation of the City payable from the incremental tax revenues generated by the Redevelopment Project Area established by the plan set forth in an ordinance adopted December 9, 1999, as amended. Additional security for this financing is provided through a junior lien pledge of the gross revenues of the City's water and sewer system. The TIF bond outstanding at year end was:

\$4,500,000 Series 2016, payable in annual installments varying from \$270,790 to \$428,538 including interest at 2.04%, maturing July 2029	<u>\$ 3,045,000</u>
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**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Revenue Bonds*

The City has issued revenue bonds in order to fund construction projects which will enhance tourism as follows:

\$2,000,000 Hospitality Fee Revenue Bond, Series 2019, payable in semi-annual installments varying from \$41,704.00 to \$313,989 including interest at 2.71%, maturing August 2026, collateralized by assignment of hospitality fee revenue	\$ 1,467,000
\$2,550,000 Hospitality Fee Revenue Bond, Series 2021, payable in semi-annual installments varying from \$41,828.50 to \$381,587.50 including interest at 1.33% maturing August 2028, collateralized by assignment of hospitality fee revenue	2,550,000
Total Hospitality Fee Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 4,017,000</u>

The City has also issued revenue bonds to finance construction and expansion of the water and sewer system. These bonds are secured by liens on and pledges of water and sewer revenue net of system operating and maintenance costs. Water and sewer revenue bonds outstanding at year end were as follows:

\$52,670,000 Series 2015, payable in annual installments varying from \$1,361,956 to \$3,877,025 including interest varying from 2 to 5%, maturing in June 2041	<u>\$ 42,220,000</u>
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*Notes*

The City has issued notes to finance various development projects. Notes payable at year end were as follows:

\$843,000 note payable in annual installments to the US Department of Housing and Urban Development in annual installments ranging from \$30,000 to \$69,000 including interest at 4.5%, maturing August 2026: Refinanced starting FY20 - FY26 at interest ranging from 2.54% to 2.86%; Interest savings of \$89,226 over 7 years	<u>\$ 314,000</u>
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*Capital Leases*

The City has entered into lease agreements to finance the acquisition of buildings, vehicles and heavy equipment and office equipment used in its governmental and business-type activities. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date as follows:

Year Ending June 30, 2022	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
2023	\$ 1,492,967	\$ 82,328	\$ 1,575,295
2024	1,149,309	82,328	1,231,637
2025	758,857	82,328	841,185
2026	500,206	68,605	568,811
2027	281,014	-	281,014
Thereafter	226,223	-	226,223
Total minimum lease payments	4,408,576	315,589	4,724,165
Less: amount representing interest	(179,832)	(6,036)	(185,868)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 4,228,744</u>	<u>\$ 309,553</u>	<u>\$ 4,538,297</u>

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Asset:			
Motor vehicles and outdoor equipment	\$ 11,743,284	\$ 822,804	\$ 12,566,088
Less: accumulated depreciation	(7,487,015)	(373,180)	(7,860,195)
Total	\$ 4,256,269	\$ 449,624	\$ 4,705,893

*Summary of Debt Service Requirements*

Following is a summary of debt service requirements to maturity by year for the governmental and business-type activities:

Year Ending June 30, 2022	Debt			Capital Lease Obligations			Totals
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest		
<u>Governmental Activities</u>							
2023	\$ 1,556,000	\$ 273,060	\$ 1,829,060	\$ 1,420,263	\$ 72,704	\$ 3,322,027	
2024	1,593,000	236,642	1,829,642	1,104,054	45,255	2,978,951	
2025	1,628,000	199,256	1,827,256	731,026	27,831	2,586,113	
2026	1,670,000	160,926	1,830,926	483,090	17,116	2,331,132	
2027	1,709,000	121,473	1,830,473	272,027	8,987	2,111,487	
2028-2032	3,771,000	168,919	3,939,919	218,284	7,939	4,166,142	
Total	<u>\$ 11,927,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,160,276</u>	<u>\$ 13,087,276</u>	<u>\$ 4,228,744</u>	<u>\$ 179,832</u>	<u>\$ 17,495,852</u>	
<u>Business-Type Activities</u>							
2023	\$ 2,330,000	\$ 1,545,400	\$ 3,875,400	\$ 79,624	\$ 2,704	\$ 3,957,728	
2024	2,415,000	1,453,944	3,868,944	80,416	1,912	3,951,272	
2025	2,490,000	1,383,388	3,873,388	81,216	1,112	3,955,716	
2026	2,570,000	1,304,275	3,874,275	68,297	308	3,942,880	
2027	2,660,000	1,215,963	3,875,963	-	-	3,875,963	
2028-2032	14,750,000	4,620,579	19,370,579	-	-	19,370,579	
2033-2037	8,540,000	2,395,134	10,935,134	-	-	10,935,134	
2038-2042	6,465,000	605,400	7,070,400	-	-	7,070,400	
Total	<u>\$ 42,220,000</u>	<u>\$ 14,524,083</u>	<u>\$ 56,744,083</u>	<u>\$ 309,553</u>	<u>\$ 6,036</u>	<u>\$ 57,059,672</u>	

**F. Inter-fund Receivables and Payables**

Inter-fund balances arise because the City utilizes a cash pool to maximize potential interest earnings. Inter-fund balances at June 30, 2021, were:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	HUD Section 8 Loans Fund	\$ 135,970
General Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	15,259
General Fund	State Accommodations Tax Fund	1,407,758
General Fund	Federal and State Grants	1,855,988
		<u>\$ 3,414,975</u>

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

**G. Transfers In and Out**

During the course of normal operations, the City makes numerous transactions between funds. Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to a fund through which the resources are expended are recorded as transfers and are reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental funds and as non-operating revenues (expenses) in proprietary funds. Transfers into the general fund were primarily to recover overhead and related costs. Transfers to the state accommodations tax fund were made from the local accommodations tax fund to support tourism promotion. Transfers between funds for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfers Out:	Transfers In:					Totals
	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	Water and Sewer Enterprise	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 1,783,127	\$ 845,315	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 2,628,442
Water and sewer enterprise fund	2,081,905	-	-	-		2,081,905
	<u>\$ 3,865,032</u>	<u>\$ 845,315</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		<u>\$ 4,710,347</u>

**III. OTHER INFORMATION**

**A. Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and job related illnesses and accidents. The City carries insurance for these risks of loss. Premiums for workers' compensation are paid to a public entity risk pool. The public entity risk pool promises to pay to or on behalf of the insured for covered economic losses sustained during the policy period in accord with insurance policy and benefit program limits. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses for the covered risks. There has been no significant reduction in coverage and amounts of settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years.

The City is also subject to risks of loss from providing health, life, accident, dental, and other medical benefits to employees, retirees, and their dependents. The City has enrolled substantially all its employees in the State's health insurance plans administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA).

**B. Employee Retirement Systems**

*Plan Description*

The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating local subdivisions of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general election.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for police officers and firefighters. PORS also covers peace officers, coroners, probate judges and magistrates.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Membership*

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

SCRS - Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

PORS - To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

*Benefits*

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of experience, and average final compensation. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

SCRS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

PORS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

*Contributions*

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute, or the rates last adopted by the board, are insufficient to maintain the amortization period set in statute, the board shall increase employer contribution rates as necessary.

After June 30, 2027, if the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than eighty-five percent, then the board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than eighty five percent. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than eighty-five percent, then effective on the following July first, and annually thereafter as necessary, the board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than eighty-five percent.

The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act establishes a ceiling on employee contribution rates at 9 percent and 9.75 percent for SCRS and PORS respectively. The employer contribution rates will continue to increase annually by 1 percent to meet the legislation's ultimate scheduled employer rate of 18.56 percent for SCRS and 21.24 percent for PORS. The amortization period is scheduled to be reduced over a 10 year schedule from 30 years beginning fiscal year 2018 to 20 years by fiscal year 2028.

Required employee contribution rates for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

**SCRS**

Employee Class Two	9.00 % of earnable compensation
Employee Class Three	9.00 % of earnable compensation

**PORS**

Employee Class Two	9.75 % of earnable compensation
Employee Class Three	9.75 % of earnable compensation

Required employer contribution rates for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

**SCRS**

Employer Class Two	16.41 % of earnable compensation
Employer Class Three	16.41 % of earnable compensation
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15 % of earnable compensation

**PORS**

Employer Class Two	18.84 % of earnable compensation
Employer Class Three	18.84 % of earnable compensation
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.20 % of earnable compensation
Employer Accidental Death Program	0.20 % of earnable compensation

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Net Pension Liability*

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability (TPL) determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that system's fiduciary net position. NPL totals as of June 30, 2021, for SCRS and PORS are presented in the following table:

System	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 55,131,579,363	\$ 33,490,305,970	\$ 21,641,273,393	60.7%
PORS	\$ 8,684,586,488	\$ 6,111,672,064	\$ 2,572,914,424	70.4%

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plan's funding requirements.

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$29,520,630 for the SCRS and \$17,553,508 for the PORS for a total of \$47,074,138 for its proportionate share of the NPL. The NPL was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's portion of the NPL was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating organizations, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.136409% for the SCRS, which is an increase of .00177% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2021 the City's portion was .682242% for the PORS, which is an increase of .0232% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020. The General Fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the net pension liability in governmental funds.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized a pension credit of \$422,567. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

The amount of \$4,607,496 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources arising from differences between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings in different measurement periods are aggregated and included as a net collective deferred outflow of resources related to pensions or a net collective deferred inflow of resources related to pensions.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
	SCRS	PORS	Total	SCRS	PORS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 502,850	\$ 597,155	\$ 1,100,005	\$ 39,842	\$ 54,668	\$ 94,510
Change in assumptions	1,615,863	1,251,999	2,867,862	-	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	-	4,288,261	3,935,417	8,223,678
Changes in proportionate share and difference between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	476,948	511,186	988,134	370,585	97,659	468,244
City contributions subsequent to measurement date	2,566,353	2,041,143	4,607,496	-	-	-
Total	\$ 5,162,014	\$ 4,401,483	\$ 9,563,497	\$ 4,698,688	\$ 4,087,744	\$ 8,786,432

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

In accordance with GASB 68 these amounts are to be amortized over the average remaining service lives of all employees of the plan and recognized as a component of pension expense as follows:

<u>June 30,</u>	<u>SCRS</u>	<u>PORS</u>	<u>Combined</u>
2023	\$ (131,174)	\$ (103,717)	\$ (234,891)
2024	(49,265)	(93,433)	(142,698)
2025	(344,567)	(241,420)	(585,987)
2026	(1,578,021)	(1,288,834)	(2,866,855)
	<u>\$ (2,103,027)</u>	<u>\$ (1,727,404)</u>	<u>\$ (3,830,431)</u>

*Actuarial Assumptions and Methods*

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ending June 30, 2015.

The June 30, 2021, total pension liability (TPL), net pension liability (NPL), and sensitivity information shown in the below report were determined by the consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company (GRS) and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2020. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There was no legislation enacted during the 2021 legislative session that had a material change in the benefit provisions for either system.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2021.

	<u>SCRS</u>	<u>PORS</u>
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Projected salary increases	3.0% to 11% (varies by service)	3.5% to 10.5% (varies by service)
Includes inflation at	2.25%	2.25%
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2020 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2020 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using 80% of Scale UMP projected from the year 2020.

Assumptions used in the determination of the June 30, 2021, TPL are as follows:

<u>Former Job Class</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>
Educators	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 95%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 94%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 97%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 107%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 127%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 107%



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon the 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the revised target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2021 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 4.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

<u>Allocation/Exposure</u>	<u>Policy Target</u>	<u>Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return</u>
Public Equity <sup>1</sup>	46.0%	6.87%	3.16%
Bonds	26.0%	0.27%	0.07%
Private Equity <sup>1,2</sup>	9.0%	9.68%	0.87%
Private Debt	7.0%	5.47%	0.39%
Real Assets	12.0%		
Real Estate <sup>2</sup>	9.0%	6.01%	0.54%
Infrastructure <sup>2</sup>	3.0%	5.08%	0.15%
<b>Total Expected Return<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>100.0%</b>		<b>5.18%</b>
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			<b>2.25%</b>
			<b>7.43%</b>

1 - The target weight to Private Equity will be equal to its actual weight, reported by the custodial bank, as of prior month end. When flows have occurred, flow adjusted weights are used to more accurately reflect the impact of the asset class weight. Private Equity and Public Equity combine for 55% of the entire portfolio

2 - Staff and Consultant will notify the Commission if Private Markets assets exceed 25% of total assets.

3 - Portable Alpha Strategies, which are not included in the Policy Target, will be capped at 12% of total assets; hedge funds (including all hedge funds used in portable alpha implementation) are capped at 20% of total assets.

*Discount Rate*

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

*Sensitivity Analysis*

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of each system's NPL calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent, as well as what the City's NPL for each system would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower (6 percent) or 1 percent higher (8 percent) than the current rate.

		1.00% Decrease	Current Discount	1.00 % Increase
		(6%)	(7%)	(8%)
System				
SCRS	\$	38,668,350	\$ 29,520,630	\$ 21,916,983
PORS	\$	25,467,894	\$ 17,553,508	\$ 11,070,414

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position*

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefit's website at [www.peba.sc.gov](http://www.peba.sc.gov), or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

**C. Deferred Compensation Plans**

Some city employees may participate in additional, optional deferred compensation plans which are available to them in conjunction with the State Retirement System. The multiple-employer plans, created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(k) are administered for the State Retirement System by third parties. Compensation deferred under the plans is placed in trust for the contributing employee. The State has no liability for losses under the plans. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate their employment with the City. Employees may also withdraw contributions prior to termination if they meet requirements specified by the applicable plan.

**D. Other Post-Employment Benefits**

*Plan Description*

The City's single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan (the Plan) provides medical insurance to eligible retirees. Spouses and dependents are not covered. In accordance with the City's personnel policy, lifetime benefits are provided for retirees who retired on or before July 1, 2008, with at least 20 years of City service. Employees who retire after July 1, 2008, are eligible for benefits to age 65 depending on the amount of their service as of July 1, 2008. Those with 15 or more years of service on July 1, 2008, must have 20 years of service with the City to become eligible for benefits at retirement. Those with less than 15 years of service on July 1, 2008, must have 28 (25 for public safety) years of service with the City to become eligible for benefits at retirement. The Plan is approved each year by City Council; the contribution requirements of the City and plan members are established and amended by City Council. The contributions are neither guaranteed nor mandatory. City Council has retained the right to modify its payments for retiree health care benefits.

As of December 31, 2021, the most recent measurement date for the Plan, there were 685 covered participants; 144 members were retirees receiving benefits and 544 were active participants. The Plan is affiliated with the South Carolina Other Retirement Benefits Employer Trust (SC ORBET), an agent multiple employer irrevocable trust administered by the Municipal Association of South Carolina. Each participating employer is responsible for determining the appropriate amount of contributions to remit to the Trust. SC ORBET issues a publicly available financial report that includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Chief Financial Officer for Risk Management Services, Municipal Association of South Carolina, P.O. Box 12109, Columbia, South Carolina 29211.

*Funding Policy*

The City establishes its contribution requirement annually during budget preparation, prior to the start of the fiscal year the calculated contribution relates to. The contributions required to support the Plan are determined following a level funding approach and consist of a normal contribution and an actuarial accrued liability contribution. The actuarial accrued liability is determined using the "entry age normal" method. Under this method, the accrued liability is the difference between the present value of expected future benefits payable and the present value of expected future normal cost. The normal contribution is determined using the "entry age normal" method. Under this method a calculation is made for OPEB benefits to determine the uniform and constant percentage rate of employer contribution. This contribution will be applied to the compensation of the average new member during the entire period of his/her anticipated covered service, ceasing when both the member and spouse are no longer members of the plan. This contribution would be required in addition to the contributions of the member to meet the cost of all benefits payable on his/her behalf.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Net OPEB Liability*

The City's net OPEB liability of \$8,611,120 was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The General Fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the net OPEB liability in governmental funds.

*Actuarial Assumptions and Methods*

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.25%
Real wage growth	
SCRS	0.75%
PORS	1.25%
Wage inflation	
SCRS	3.00%
PORS	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
SCRS	3.00%-9.50%
PORS	3.50%-10.50%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	4.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	2.12%
Measurement Date	2.06%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Prior Measurement Date	N/A
Measurement Date	N/A
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	4.75%
Measurement Date	4.75%
Health Care Cost Rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.00% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2031
Medicare	5.25% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2025
Mortality Assumptions	PUB-2010 Mortality Tables for Employees with a 135% multiplier

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

*Target Allocation*

As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term rate of return by the Plan, the target asset allocation for each major asset class, as provided by the Plan, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
US Government Agency	57.5%	4.50%
US Govt MBS/CMO/CMBS	40.0%	5.25%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.5%	2.50%
Total	100.0%	

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

*Discount Rate*

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of the measurement date was 4.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2020. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- \* Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually using the payroll growth assumptions.
- \* Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the Plan.
- \* In all future years, the employer continues to contribute the full ADEC through deposit to the Trust and direct payment of benefits to plan members as the benefits come due. The employer is assumed to have the ability and willingness to make contributions to the Trust and benefit payments from its own resources for all periods in the projection.
- \* Projected assets do not include employer contributions that fund the estimated service cost of future employees.
- \* Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be depleted.

*Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate*

The following table presents the sensitivity of the City's OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the current discount rate of 4.75%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (3.75%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.75%) than the current rate:

Discount Rate Sensitivity

	1% Decrease (3.75%)	Current Discount Rate (4.75%)	1% Increase (5.75%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$10,373,768	\$8,611,120	\$7,081,396

*Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:*

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

Health Care Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$10,546,856	\$8,611,120	\$6,942,698

*OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB*

The total OPEB liability is based upon an actuarial valuation performed as of the valuation date, December 31, 2020. An expected total OPEB liability is determined as of December 31, 2021 using standard roll forward

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

techniques. The roll forward calculation begins with the total OPEB liability, as of December 31, 2020, subtracts the expected benefit payments and refunds for the year, applies interest at the discount rate for the year, and then adds the annual normal cost (also called the Service Cost). The procedure used to determine the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021, is shown in the following table:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ 18,712,791	\$ 6,483,127	\$ 12,229,664
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost at the end of the year*	406,270	-	406,270
Interest on TOL and Cash Flows	869,857	-	869,857
Change in benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(3,208,881)	-	(3,208,881)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(144,548)	-	(144,548)
Contributions - employer	-	1,701,281	(1,701,281)
Contributions - non-employer	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	(158,789)	158,789
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	(809,420)	(809,420)	-
Plan administrative expenses	-	(1,250)	1,250
Other	-	-	-
Net changes	<u>\$ (2,886,722)</u>	<u>\$ 731,822</u>	<u>\$ (3,618,544)</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 15,826,069</u>	<u>\$ 7,214,949</u>	<u>\$ 8,611,120</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$382,426. As of June 30, 2022, the City reports deferred outflows of resources (deferred OPEB charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred OPEB credits) related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 3,757,170
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	213,225	123,102
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	379,515	-
City Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	279,927	-
Total	<u>\$ 872,667</u>	<u>\$ 3,880,272</u>

The amount of \$279,927 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The remaining deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized as a component of OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended	Total
December 31	
2022	\$ (582,950)
2023	(616,925)
2024	(611,199)
2025	(593,209)
2026	(514,679)
Thereafter	(368,570)
	<u>\$ (3,287,532)</u>

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**  
**June 30, 2022**

**E. Tax Abatements**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 77 governments who enter into tax abatement agreements are required to disclose certain information about those agreements, including, the type of tax being abated, and dollar amount of taxes abated during the period being reported on. After inquiring with the appropriate entities and surrounding governments, management has determined that no current agreements exist which would give rise to a reportable tax abatement under GASB 77.

**F. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles**

*GASB Statement No. 87*

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). This statement substantially changes the accounting and financial reporting around lease agreements, specifically, eliminating certain traditional distinctions between operating and capital leases. GASB 87 became effective beginning with fiscal year 2022. As of June 30, 2022, Management has determined that the City is not a party (either as lessee or lessor) to any lease agreement that meets the requirements for the new reporting, however, the requirements of GASB 87 could impact the City in future reporting periods.

**H. Contingent Liabilities**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute liabilities of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by a grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

**I. Subsequent Events**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 8, 2022, the date the financial statements were available for issue.

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF**  
**NET PENSION LIABILITY AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

**Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability**

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
	SCRS	PORS	SCRS	PORS	SCRS	PORS	SCRS	PORS	SCRS	PORS
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.136409%	0.682242%	0.134639%	0.659042%	0.137970%	0.658399%	0.134819%	0.668748%	0.134521%	0.680620%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 29,520,630	\$ 17,553,508	\$ 34,402,633	\$ 21,855,245	\$ 31,504,210	\$ 18,869,332	\$ 30,208,709	\$ 18,949,258	\$ 30,282,841	\$ 18,645,999
Covered Payroll (A)	15,419,776	10,258,804	15,020,802	9,955,807	14,569,229	9,549,815	13,971,026	9,256,478	13,579,671	9,158,752
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll	191.45%	171.11%	229.03%	219.52%	216.24%	197.59%	216.22%	204.71%	223.00%	203.59%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	60.7%	70.4%	50.7%	58.8%	54.4%	62.7%	54.1%	61.7%	53.3%	60.9%
	2017		2016		2015		2014			
	SCRS	PORS	SCRS	PORS	SCRS	PORS	SCRS	PORS		
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.132601%	0.669610%	0.130615%	0.66206%	0.128281%	0.63586%	0.128281%	0.63586%		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 28,323,378	\$ 16,984,488	\$ 24,771,764	\$ 14,429,661	\$ 22,085,735	\$ 12,173,040	\$ 23,009,035	\$ 13,181,162		
Covered Payroll (A)	12,833,429	8,543,885	12,246,749	8,202,053	11,777,703	7,877,669	10,956,667	7,398,493		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll	220.70%	198.79%	202.27%	175.93%	187.52%	154.53%	210.00%	178.16%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	52.90%	60.40%	57.00%	64.60%	59.90%	67.50%	56.39%	62.98%		

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.*

(A) - Covered payroll as reported to SCRS/PORS for the year ended June 30, of the preceeding year.

The City implemented GASB #68 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before the year ended June 30, 2014 is not readily available.

The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25% for the year ended June 30, 2018.



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE**  
**OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

**Schedule of Employer Contributions to SCRS**

Fiscal Year	Contributions in			Contributions	
	Contractually Required Contribution <sup>1</sup>	Relation to Contractually Required Contribution <sup>2</sup>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 1,248,437	\$ 1,248,437	\$ -	\$ 11,777,703	10.60%
2015	1,334,896	1,334,896	-	12,246,749	10.90%
2016	1,419,377	1,419,377	-	12,833,429	11.06%
2017	1,569,810	1,569,810	-	13,579,671	11.56%
2018	1,894,471	1,894,471	-	13,971,026	13.56%
2019	2,121,280	2,121,280	-	14,569,229	14.56%
2020	2,337,237	2,337,237	-	15,020,802	15.56%
2021	2,399,317	2,399,317	-	15,419,776	15.56%
2022	2,566,353	2,566,353	-	15,638,960	16.41%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.*

<sup>1</sup> Contribution rate multiplied by the covered payroll

<sup>2</sup> Actual employer contributions remitted to SCRS

**Schedule of Employer Contributions to PORS**

Fiscal Year	Contributions in			Contributions	
	Contractually Required Contribution <sup>1</sup>	Relation to Contractually Required Contribution <sup>2</sup>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 1,011,493	\$ 1,011,493	\$ -	\$ 7,877,669	12.84%
2015	1,099,895	1,099,895	-	8,202,053	13.41%
2016	1,173,930	1,173,930	-	8,543,885	13.74%
2017	1,304,206	1,304,206	-	9,158,752	14.24%
2018	1,503,252	1,503,252	-	9,256,478	16.24%
2019	1,646,388	1,646,388	-	9,549,815	17.24%
2020	1,815,939	1,815,939	-	9,955,807	18.24%
2021	1,871,206	1,871,206	-	10,258,804	18.24%
2022	2,041,143	2,041,143	-	10,834,092	18.84%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.*

<sup>1</sup> Contribution rate multiplied by the covered payroll

<sup>2</sup> Actual employer contributions remitted to PORS

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION PLAN**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

***Change in Benefit Terms***

- None

***Changes of Assumptions***

- None

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY**  
**AND RELATED RATIOS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

<u>Year Ending December 31 (measurement date)</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost at end of year	\$ 406,270	\$ 393,270	\$ 380,848	\$ 368,593
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	869,857	849,693	884,640	865,344
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(3,208,881)	(45,796)	(1,624,133)	(102,309)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(144,548)	-	370,779	-
Benefit payments*	(809,420)	(736,754)	(758,717)	(692,835)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	(2,886,722)	460,413	(746,583)	438,793
Total OPEB Liability-beginning	18,712,791	18,252,378	18,998,961	18,560,168
Total OPEB Liability-ending (a)	\$ 15,826,069	\$ 18,712,791	\$ 18,252,378	\$ 18,998,961
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer**	\$ 1,701,281	\$ 1,197,473	\$ 1,226,353	\$ 1,181,239
Net investment income	(158,789)	339,439	270,031	51,452
Benefit payments*	(809,420)	(736,754)	(758,717)	(692,835)
Administrative expense	(1,250)	(8,844)	-	(7,612)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	731,822	791,314	737,667	532,244
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning	6,483,127	5,691,813	4,954,146	4,421,902
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	7,214,949	6,483,127	5,691,813	4,954,146
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 8,611,120	\$ 12,229,664	\$ 12,560,565	\$ 14,044,815
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of total OPEB Liability	45.59%	34.65%	31.18%	26.08%
Covered Payroll	\$ 23,169,738	\$ 22,852,931	\$ 22,852,931	\$ 20,932,094
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	37.17%	53.51%	54.96%	67.10%

\* Benefit payments are net of participant contributions and include a payment of \$126,900 for the implicit subsidy.  
Benefit payments include \$682,520 paid outside the Trust.

\*\* Employer contribution includes \$682,520 paid outside of the Trust and \$126,900 due to the implicit subsidy.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO OPEB**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

<u>Year Ending December 31 (measurement date)</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution (ADEC)	\$ 1,084,251	\$ 1,176,523	\$ 1,178,029	\$ 1,180,765
Contributions in relation to the ADEC	1,701,281	1,197,473	1,226,353	1,181,239
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (617,030)	\$ (20,950)	\$ (48,324)	\$ (474)
Covered payroll*	\$ 26,473,052	\$ 25,678,580	\$ 24,976,609	\$ 24,119,044
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.43%	4.66%	4.91%	4.90%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.*

\*Covered payroll amounts based on fiscal year

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

***Change of Benefit Terms:***

December 31, 2021 (Valuation Date: December 31, 2020)

- None

***Changes to Assumptions or other inputs:***

December 31, 2021 (Valuation Date: December 31, 2020)

- None

## **OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**  
**June 30, 2022**

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	USDA Rural Business Fund	HUD Section 108 Fund	CDBG Home Fund	Downtown Loan Fund	Federal/ State Grants Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Empowerment Zone Fund	Main Street Society Fund	Sunday Alcohol Permits Fund
<b>ASSETS</b>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 233,062	\$ -	\$ 63,795	\$ 40,181	\$ 404,608	\$ -	\$ 68,978	\$ 15,270	\$ 29,332
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	113,786	324,017	1,583	-	1,378,519	48,536	-	-	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	(43,424)	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 346,848</u>	<u>\$ 324,017</u>	<u>\$ 65,378</u>	<u>\$ 40,181</u>	<u>\$ 1,739,703</u>	<u>\$ 48,536</u>	<u>\$ 68,978</u>	<u>\$ 15,270</u>	<u>\$ 29,332</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 54,359	\$ 36	\$ -	\$ 100,897	\$ 9,649	\$ -	\$ 300	\$ -
Accrued compensation and benefits	-	-	-	-	2,084	17,171	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	12,890	6,400	-	-	-
Customer deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,300	-	-
Escrow for seized funds and deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	135,970	-	-	1,855,988	15,259	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>190,329</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,971,859</u>	<u>48,479</u>	<u>1,300</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>									
Unavailable revenue - notes & mortgages	113,786	-	1,583	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue - grants & contributions	-	-	-	-	603,584	-	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>113,786</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,583</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>603,584</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>									
Restricted	233,062	133,688	63,759	40,181	(835,740)	57	67,678	14,970	29,332
Total fund balances	<u>233,062</u>	<u>133,688</u>	<u>63,759</u>	<u>40,181</u>	<u>(835,740)</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>67,678</u>	<u>14,970</u>	<u>29,332</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 346,848</u>	<u>\$ 324,017</u>	<u>\$ 65,378</u>	<u>\$ 40,181</u>	<u>\$ 1,739,703</u>	<u>\$ 48,536</u>	<u>\$ 68,978</u>	<u>\$ 15,270</u>	<u>\$ 29,332</u>

*Continued*

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**  
**June 30, 2022**

Page 2 of 2

	Local Hospitality Tax Fund	State Accommodations Tax Fund	Local Accommodations Tax Fund	Narcotics Fund	Victim's Assistance Fund	E911 Fund	Firemen's Fund	Total
<b>ASSETS</b>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,067,779	\$ -	\$ 247,124	\$ 133,775	\$ 5,429	\$ 296,423	\$ 3,207	\$ 2,608,963
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	310,325	189,054	64,501	-	-	311,437	-	2,741,758
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,510,720	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,467,296
Total assets	\$ 2,888,824	\$ 189,054	\$ 311,625	\$ 133,775	\$ 5,429	\$ 607,860	\$ 3,207	\$ 6,818,017
<b>LIABILITIES</b>								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 365,737	\$ 22,751	\$ 1,680	\$ 152	\$ 1,158	\$ 8,443	\$ -	\$ 565,162
Accrued compensation and benefits	-	30,409	-	-	3,523	4,078	-	57,265
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,290
Customer deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,300
Escrow for seized funds and deposits	-	-	-	212,881	-	-	-	212,881
Due to other funds	-	1,407,758	-	-	-	-	-	3,414,975
Total liabilities	365,737	1,460,918	1,680	213,033	4,681	12,521	-	4,270,873
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>								
Unavailable revenue - notes & mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115,369
Unavailable revenue - grants & contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	603,584
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	718,953
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>								
Restricted	2,523,087	(1,271,864)	309,945	(79,258)	748	595,339	3,207	1,828,191
Total fund balances	2,523,087	(1,271,864)	309,945	(79,258)	748	595,339	3,207	1,828,191
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,888,824	\$ 189,054	\$ 311,625	\$ 133,775	\$ 5,429	\$ 607,860	\$ 3,207	\$ 6,818,017



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**  
**NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Page 1 of 2

	USDA Rural Business Fund	HUD Section 108 Fund	CDBG Home Fund	Downtown Loan Fund	Federal/ State Grants Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Empowerment Zone Fund	Main Street Society Fund	Sunday Alcohol Permits Fund
<b>REVENUES</b>									
Sales taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,350
Intergovernmental revenue									
State and federal governments	-	-	800	-	3,307,861	464,582	-	-	-
Local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	2,793	4,892	-	-	5,292	-	-	-	-
Rent and miscellaneous	35,779	-	10,360	-	-	-	20,155	4,430	-
Total revenues	38,572	4,892	11,160	-	3,313,153	464,582	20,155	4,430	29,350
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>									
Current									
General government administration	-	-	-	-	475,236	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	858,223	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	198,613	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation and culture	-	-	-	-	780,807	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	476	-	-	464,582	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,052	400	21,500
Debt service									
Bond principal	-	54,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	9,152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay									
Public safety	-	-	-	-	501,372	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation and culture	-	-	-	-	337,736	-	-	-	14,638
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,362
Total expenditures	-	63,152	476	-	3,151,987	464,582	33,052	400	126,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	38,572	(58,260)	10,684	-	161,166	-	(12,897)	4,030	(97,150)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>									
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,155)	-	-
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of revenue bonds payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,155)	-	-
Net change in fund balances	38,572	(58,260)	10,684	-	161,166	-	(33,052)	4,030	(97,150)
Fund balances, beginning of year	194,490	191,948	53,075	40,181	(996,906)	57	100,730	10,940	126,482
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 233,062	\$ 133,688	\$ 63,759	\$ 40,181	\$ (835,740)	\$ 57	\$ 67,678	\$ 14,970	\$ 29,332

Continued

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**  
**NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Page 2 of 2

	Local Hospitality Tax Fund	State Accommodations Tax Fund	Local Accommodations Tax Fund	Narcotics Fund	Victim's Assistance Fund	E911 Fund	Firemen's Fund	Total
<b>REVENUES</b>								
Sales taxes	\$ 3,396,445	\$ -	\$ 743,217	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,139,662
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-	1,373,381	-	1,402,731
Intergovernmental revenue								
State and federal governments	98,377	486,408	-	-	-	-	147,483	4,505,511
Local governments	-	-	-	-	59,763	-	-	59,763
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	156	18,130	-	-	18,286
Interest income	3,698	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,675
Rent and miscellaneous	25,101	-	-	-	-	-	-	95,825
Total revenues	3,523,621	486,408	743,217	156	77,893	1,373,381	147,483	10,238,453
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>								
Current								
General government administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	475,236
Public safety	-	-	-	9,527	75,120	845,884	145,953	1,934,707
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	198,613
Parks, recreation and culture	540,126	81,718	-	-	-	-	-	1,402,651
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	465,058
Economic development	3,697	735,871	43,793	-	-	-	-	838,313
Debt service								
Bond principal	270,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	324,000
Interest and fiscal charges	89,570	-	-	-	-	-	-	98,722
Capital outlay								
Public safety	9,476	-	-	-	-	729,986	-	1,240,834
Parks, recreation and culture	1,525,717	6,475	47,619	-	-	-	-	1,932,185
Economic development	186,865	-	120,850	-	-	-	-	398,077
Total expenditures	2,625,451	824,064	212,262	9,527	75,120	1,575,870	145,953	9,308,396
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	898,170	(337,656)	530,955	(9,371)	2,773	(202,489)	1,530	930,057
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>								
Transfers in	705,315	140,000	-	-	-	-	-	845,315
Transfers out	(2,126,660)	-	(413,127)	-	-	-	-	(2,559,942)
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of revenue bonds payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,421,345)	140,000	(413,127)	-	-	-	-	(1,714,627)
Net change in fund balances	(523,175)	(197,656)	117,828	(9,371)	2,773	(202,489)	1,530	(784,570)
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,046,262	(1,074,208)	192,117	(69,887)	(2,025)	797,828	1,677	2,612,761
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,523,087	\$ (1,271,864)	\$ 309,945	\$ (79,258)	\$ 748	\$ 595,339	\$ 3,207	\$ 1,828,191

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL-HOSPITALITY TAX FUND**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Over
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
REVENUES				
Hospitality fees	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,396,445	\$ 296,445
Intergovernmental revenue				
State and federal governments	-	-	98,377	98,377
Miscellaneous	-	-	25,101	25,101
Interest income	-	-	3,698	3,698
Total revenues	2,800,000	3,100,000	3,523,621	423,621
EXPENDITURES				
Quality of life projects	673,340	1,173,340	2,265,881	1,092,541
Debt Service	-	-	359,570	359,570
Total expenditures	673,340	1,173,340	2,625,451	1,452,111
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	705,315	705,315
Transfers out	(2,126,660)	(2,126,660)	(2,126,660)	-
Total other financing sources	(2,126,660)	(2,126,660)	(1,421,345)	705,315
Net change in fund balance	-	(200,000)	(523,175)	(323,175)
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,046,262	3,046,262	3,046,262	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,046,262	\$ 2,846,262	\$ 2,523,087	\$ (323,175)

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL-LOCAL ACCOMMODATIONS TAX FUND**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Over
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Accommodations fees	\$ 575,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 743,217	\$ 93,217
Total revenues	575,000	650,000	743,217	93,217
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Quality of life projects	161,873	236,873	212,262	(24,611)
Total expenditures	161,873	236,873	212,262	(24,611)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfers out	(413,127)	(413,127)	(413,127)	-
Appropriation from fund balance	-	-	-	-
Total other financing uses	(413,127)	(413,127)	(413,127)	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	117,828	117,828
Fund balance, beginning of year	192,117	192,117	192,117	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 192,117	\$ 192,117	\$ 309,945	\$ 117,828

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL-VICTIMS ASSISTANCE FUND**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Over
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
REVENUES				
Victims services	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 18,130	\$ (11,870)
Intergovernmental - local governments	56,961	56,961	59,763	2,802
Total revenues	86,961	86,961	77,893	(9,068)
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety	86,961	86,961	75,120	(11,841)
Total expenditures	86,961	86,961	75,120	(11,841)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Appropriation from fund balance	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	2,773	2,773
Fund balance, beginning of year	(2,025)	(2,025)	(2,025)	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (2,025)	\$ (2,025)	\$ 748	\$ 2,773

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**WATER AND SEWER FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,**  
**AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION-**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGET BASIS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget-
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)
<b>Revenue</b>				
Water revenue	\$ 11,009,000	\$ 11,009,000	\$ 11,414,275	\$ 405,275
Sewer revenue	11,476,000	11,476,000	11,746,040	270,040
Other operating revenue	1,692,300	1,692,300	2,395,721	703,421
Premium on bonds	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	2,889,638	2,889,638
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	2,035,406	2,035,406
Interest income and investment return	170,700	170,700	81,224	(89,476)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	(557,615)	(557,615)
Miscellaneous	145,000	145,000	144,157	(843)
Appropriation from net position	545,148	1,595,148	-	(1,595,148)
	<u>25,038,148</u>	<u>26,088,148</u>	<u>30,148,846</u>	<u>4,060,698</u>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Salaries and benefits	5,355,788	5,355,788	5,443,805	88,017
Bad debts	3,800	3,800	222,842	219,042
Utilities	2,287,650	2,287,650	2,092,910	(194,740)
Purchased services	1,941,517	1,879,067	1,408,651	(470,416)
Materials and supplies	1,560,873	1,560,873	1,908,664	347,791
Other operating expense	5,025,327	6,137,777	3,847,046	(2,290,731)
Employee benefits	2,710,227	2,710,227	2,267,135	(443,092)
Depreciation	1,418,617	1,418,617	5,925,618	4,507,001
Interest expense	1,635,499	1,635,499	1,716,954	81,455
Economic development	216,945	216,945	259,550	42,605
Transfers	2,081,905	2,081,905	2,081,905	-
Capital reserve	800,000	800,000	-	(800,000)
Capital expenditures	-	-	3,702,662	3,702,662
	<u>25,038,148</u>	<u>26,088,148</u>	<u>30,877,742</u>	<u>4,789,594</u>
<b>Operating Income</b>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(728,896)</u>	<u>\$ (728,896)</u>
Reconciliation to change in net position:				
Capital expenditures			3,702,662	
<b>Change in net position</b>			<u>\$ 2,973,766</u>	

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**WATER AND SEWER FUND – DEBT COVERAGE RATIO – REQUIRED BY LENDER**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Operating revenue	\$ 25,556,036
Operating expenses exclusive of depreciation	<u>(17,191,053)</u>
Net revenue available for debt service	<u>\$ 8,364,983</u>
Debt service requirement	
Principal	\$ 2,240,000
Interest	<u>1,631,650</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,871,650</u>
Revenue bond coverage for the year ended June 30, 2022	<u><u>2.16</u></u>

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**FIDUCIARY FUNDS**  
**PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS**

Private-purpose trust funds are used by the City to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity which are to be used for specific purposes established by donors. The City uses the following private-purpose trust funds:

*Neil O'Donnell Fund* – Accounts for funds donated by Neil O'Donnell to be used for charitable purposes.

*George Reardon Fund* – Accounts for funds donated by George Reardon to be used for charitable purposes.

*Ella Tuomey Fund* – Accounts for funds donated by Ella Tuomey to be used for charitable purposes.

*Emergency Responders Trust Fund* – Accounts for monies donated to the First Responders Trust Fund to be used for charitable purposes.



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -**  
**PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS**  
**June 30, 2022**

	Nell O'Donnell Fund	George Reardon Fund	Ella Tuomey Fund	Emergency Responders Trust Fund	Total
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,452	\$ 517	\$ 1,491	\$ 3,911	\$ 9,371
Total assets	3,452	517	1,491	3,911	9,371
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NET POSITION</b>					
Restricted for:					
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 3,452	\$ 517	\$ 1,491	\$ 3,911	\$ 9,371

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -**  
**PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	Nell O'Donnell Fund	George Reardon Fund	Ella Tuomey Fund	Emergency Responders Trust Fund	Total
<b>ADDITIONS</b>					
Interest	\$ 18	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 20
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Total additions	18	-	-	2	20
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b>					
Distributions to beneficiaries	-	-	-	-	-
Total deductions	-	-	-	-	-
Change in net position	18	-	-	2	20
Net position, beginning of year	3,434	517	1,491	3,909	9,351
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,452	\$ 517	\$ 1,491	\$ 3,911	\$ 9,371

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**FIDUCIARY FUNDS**  
**CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

Custodial funds are used by the City to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity which are to be used for specific purposes established by donors. The City uses the following agency funds:

*CHDO Fund* – Accounts for the activities of the City of Sumter Housing and Economic Development Corporations, a Community Housing Development Organization as defined by the State Housing Authority. This is a legally separate non-profit organization.

*Sumter Green Fund* – Accounts for the activities of the Sumter Green Organization, an organization legally separate from the City, the purpose of which is the beautification of Sumter and its entryways.

*Swan Fund* – Accounts for private donations restricted to use for the Swan Lake Iris Gardens.

*Support of Shaw Fund* – Accounts for funds contributed to a legally separate not for profit organization which works to retain Shaw Air Force Base in Sumter.

*Dalzell Water District Fund*– Accounts for the collections of the Dalzell Water and Sewer System that are billed on behalf of that entity by the City of Sumter.

*Oswego Water District Fund* – Accounts for the collections and payments of the Oswego Water System which are managed on behalf of that entity by the City of Sumter.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -**  
**CUSTODIAL FUNDS**  
**June 30, 2022**

	CHDO	Sumter	Swan	Support of	Dalzell Water	Oswego	
	Fund	Green	Fund	Shaw	District	Water District	Total
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,264,903	\$ 64,677	\$ 326	\$ 444,352	\$ 522,811	\$ 68,035	\$ 5,365,104
Receivables							
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	65,753	27,684	93,437
Contributions receivable	-	500	-	-	-	-	500
Total assets	4,264,903	65,177	326	444,352	588,564	95,719	5,459,041
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Accounts payable	337,801	-	-	5,692	35,091	24,376	402,960
Accrued salaries	-	-	-	-	1,730	-	1,730
Due to customers	-	-	-	-	35,775	19,450	55,225
Total liabilities	337,801	-	-	5,692	72,596	43,826	459,915
<b>NET POSITION</b>							
Restricted for:							
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 3,927,102	\$ 65,177	\$ 326	\$ 438,660	\$ 515,968	\$ 51,893	\$ 4,999,126

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -**  
**CUSTODIAL FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	CHDO Fund	Sumter Green Fund	Swan Fund	Support of Shaw Fund	Dalzell Water District Fund	Oswego Water District Fund	Total
<b>ADDITIONS</b>							
Charitable contributions	\$ 2,369,078	\$ 26,133	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,400,211
Charges for services		6,275	-	-	624,159	523,507	1,153,941
Proceeds from sale of assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest earned	12,405	-	-	-	209	-	12,614
Other custodial fund collections		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total additions	2,381,483	32,408	-	5,000	624,368	523,507	3,566,766
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b>							
Distributions to/on behalf of beneficiaries	2,225,270	-	-	-	423,569	304,508	2,953,347
Program service expenditures	-	86,402	-	53,346	-	-	139,748
Utilities	-	-	-	-	30,866	172,530	203,396
Administrative	662	7,454	-	-	94,259	39,920	142,295
Other custodial disbursements	500	4,347	-	-	89,780	13,604	108,231
Total deductions	2,226,432	98,203	-	53,346	638,474	530,562	3,547,017
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>	155,051	(65,795)	-	(48,346)	(14,106)	(7,055)	19,749
Net position, beginning of year	3,772,051	130,972	326	487,006	530,074	58,948	4,979,377
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,927,102	\$ 65,177	\$ 326	\$ 438,660	\$ 515,968	\$ 51,893	\$ 4,999,126

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**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96)**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

**FOR THE STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE:**

<b>COUNTY / MUNICIPAL FUNDS COLLECTED BY CLERK OF COURT</b>	<b><u>General Sessions</u></b>	<b><u>Magistrate Court</u></b>	<b><u>Municipal Court</u></b>	<b><u>Total</u></b>
<b>Court Fines and Assessments:</b>				
Court fines and assessments collected			\$ 259,276.00	\$ 259,276.00
Court fines and assessments remitted to State Treasurer			\$ (140,365.00)	\$ (140,365.00)
<b>Total Court Fines and Assessments retained</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 118,911.00</b>	<b>\$ 118,911.00</b>
<b>Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services:</b>				
Surcharges collected and retained			\$ 5,544.00	\$ 5,544.00
Assessments retained			\$ 12,586.00	\$ 12,586.00
<b>Total Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 18,130.00</b>	<b>\$ 18,130.00</b>

**FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION (DCVC)**

<b><u>VICTIM SERVICE FUNDS COLLECTED</u></b>	<b><u>Municipal</u></b>	<b><u>County</u></b>	<b><u>Total</u></b>
<b>Carryforward from Previous Year – Beginning Balance</b>	<b>\$ (2,025.00)</b>		<b>\$ (2,025.00)</b>
<b><u>Victim Service Revenue:</u></b>			
Victim Service Fines Retained by City/County Treasurer			\$ -
Victim Service Assessments Retained by City/County Treasurer	\$ 12,586.00		\$ 12,586.00
Victim Service Surcharges Retained by City/County Treasurer	\$ 5,544.00		\$ 5,544.00
Interest Earned			\$ -
Grant Funds Received			
Grant from:			\$ -
General Funds Transferred to Victim Service Fund	\$ 59,763.00		\$ 59,763.00
<b>Contribution Received from Victim Service Contracts:</b>			
(1) Town of			\$ -
(2) Town of			\$ -
(3) City of			\$ -
<b>Total Funds Allocated to Victim Service Fund + Beginning Balance (A)</b>	<b>\$ 75,868.00</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 75,868.00</b>

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96)**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

<b><u>Expenditures for Victim Service Program:</u></b>	<b><u>Municipal</u></b>	<b><u>County</u></b>	<b><u>Total</u></b>
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 70,596.00		\$ 70,596.00
Operating Expenditures	\$ 5,271.00		\$ 5,271.00
<b>Victim Service Contract(s):</b>			
(1) Entity's Name			\$ -
(2) Entity's Name			\$ -
<b>Victim Service Donation(s):</b>			
(1) Domestic Violence Shelter:			\$ -
(2) Rape Crisis Center:			\$ -
(3) Other local direct crime victims service agency:			\$ -
Transferred to General Fund			\$ -
<b>Total Expenditures from Victim Service Fund/Program (B)</b>	<b>\$ 75,867.00</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 75,867.00</b>
Total Victim Service Funds Retained by Municipal/County Treasurer (A-B)	\$ 1.00		\$ 1.00
<b>Less: Prior Year Fund Deficit Repayment</b>			\$ -
<b>Carryforward Funds – End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 1.00</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1.00</b>



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –**  
**E911 FUND**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

**REVENUES**

Licenses, Permits, and Fees:	\$ 1,373,381
<b>TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES</b>	<b><u>1,373,381</u></b>

**EXPENDITURES**

Public Safety Communications:	
Personnel Services	70,621
General Operating	117,865
Repairs and Maintenance	11,783
Contractual Services	603,114
Service Charges	<u>42,500</u>
Total Public Safety Communications	845,884
Capital Outlay	<u>729,986</u>
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b><u>1,575,870</u></b>

<b>EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES</b>	<b><u>(202,489)</u></b>
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<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	<b>(202,489)</b>
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FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	797,828
<b>FUND BALANCE, End of Year</b>	<b><u>\$ 595,339</u></b>

**FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (APPLICABLE TO E911 FUND):**

NONE

**RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION (APPLICABLE TO E911 FUND):**

NONE

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## ***STATISTICAL SECTION***

This portion of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	96-100
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant governmental fund revenue source, the property tax.	101-104
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	105-109
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules are presented to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	110-111
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	112-114

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NET POSITION BY COMPONENT -**  
**LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**  
**(Accrual Basis of Accounting)**  
**UNAUDITED**

Table 1

	2013	2014*	2015*	2016*	2017	2018*	2019*	2020	2021	2022
<b>Governmental activities</b>										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 33,243,982	\$ 37,154,398	\$ 37,859,121	\$ 44,895,830	\$ 51,316,040	\$ 62,306,724	\$ 63,918,549	\$ 66,736,286	\$ 73,593,680	\$ 75,531,689
Restricted	4,368,409	3,321,746	3,674,181	4,017,629	2,563,750	1,363,618	1,602,553	713,234	974,859	17,032,392
Unrestricted	9,682,906	10,678,124	(15,213,181)	(12,683,745)	(12,763,242)	(28,535,032)	(31,388,906)	(34,040,211)	(39,832,995)	(33,388,251)
<b>Total governmental activities net position</b>	<b>\$ 47,295,297</b>	<b>\$ 51,154,268</b>	<b>\$ 26,320,121</b>	<b>\$ 36,229,714</b>	<b>\$ 41,116,548</b>	<b>\$ 35,135,310</b>	<b>\$ 34,132,196</b>	<b>\$ 33,409,309</b>	<b>\$ 34,735,544</b>	<b>\$ 59,175,830</b>
<b>Business-type activities</b>										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 44,351,489	\$ 47,592,613	\$ 51,883,642	\$ 59,804,646	\$ 61,235,765	\$ 60,881,625	\$ 64,413,720	\$ 64,717,438	\$ 64,598,978	\$ 66,774,411
Restricted	1,972,234	3,171,556	2,998,574	3,413,145	3,141,584	1,495,645	1,407,022	1,424,185	1,444,971	1,492,804
Unrestricted	19,310,612	18,665,003	12,448,335	12,153,772	10,330,498	8,798,637	5,159,856	4,192,241	2,512,128	3,998,817
<b>Total business-type activities net position</b>	<b>\$ 65,634,335</b>	<b>\$ 69,429,172</b>	<b>\$ 67,330,551</b>	<b>\$ 75,371,563</b>	<b>\$ 74,707,847</b>	<b>\$ 71,175,907</b>	<b>\$ 70,980,598</b>	<b>\$ 70,333,864</b>	<b>\$ 68,556,077</b>	<b>\$ 72,266,032</b>
<b>Primary government totals</b>										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 77,595,471	\$ 84,747,011	\$ 89,742,763	\$ 104,700,476	\$ 112,551,805	\$ 123,188,349	\$ 128,332,269	\$ 131,453,724	\$ 138,192,658	\$ 142,306,100
Restricted	6,340,643	6,493,302	6,672,755	7,430,774	5,705,334	2,859,263	3,009,575	2,137,419	2,419,830	18,525,196
Unrestricted	28,993,518	29,343,127	(2,764,846)	(529,973)	(2,432,744)	(19,736,395)	(26,229,050)	(29,847,970)	(37,320,867)	(29,389,434)
<b>Total primary government net position</b>	<b>\$ 112,929,632</b>	<b>\$ 120,583,440</b>	<b>\$ 93,650,672</b>	<b>\$ 111,601,277</b>	<b>\$ 115,824,395</b>	<b>\$ 106,311,217</b>	<b>\$ 105,112,794</b>	<b>\$ 103,743,173</b>	<b>\$ 103,291,621</b>	<b>\$ 131,441,862</b>

\* Beginning net position restated

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015

GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in 2018

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**  
**(Accrual Basis of Accounting)**  
**UNAUDITED**

Table 2

Page 1 of 2

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>Expenses</b>										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 5,560,774	\$ 5,506,479	\$ 5,473,334	\$ 6,451,137	\$ 6,914,238	\$ 6,878,117	\$ 7,568,694	\$ 8,700,701	\$ 8,463,366	\$ 8,271,476
Public safety	17,689,569	18,726,272	18,447,133	20,279,524	22,661,191	24,276,099	25,317,244	27,139,712	26,504,213	27,364,813
Public works	5,110,944	6,198,843	5,478,100	5,952,721	6,046,733	6,252,507	6,636,236	6,810,483	7,144,712	7,267,741
Parks, recreation and culture	3,268,065	3,655,740	4,128,482	4,060,104	4,498,693	4,910,697	4,592,630	4,238,718	4,612,439	5,413,470
Community development	449,666	518,788	381,600	372,307	542,944	568,986	678,566	590,211	979,369	828,125
Economic development	2,254,660	1,846,045	1,898,790	2,216,399	2,408,864	2,452,098	2,611,732	2,586,377	2,455,838	2,742,698
Interest on long-term debt	284,930	215,380	175,056	164,617	212,333	241,549	472,193	413,786	434,051	395,911
Total governmental activities expenses	34,618,608	36,667,547	35,982,495	39,496,809	43,284,996	45,580,053	47,877,295	50,479,988	50,593,988	52,284,234
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer services	16,954,386	17,606,238	17,659,418	20,412,516	22,951,594	23,184,832	23,864,071	24,667,715	25,603,019	26,532,523
Total business-type activities expenses	16,954,386	17,606,238	17,659,418	20,412,516	22,951,594	23,184,832	23,864,071	24,667,715	25,603,019	26,532,523
Total primary government expenses	\$ 51,572,994	\$ 54,273,785	\$ 53,641,913	\$ 59,909,325	\$ 66,236,590	\$ 68,764,885	\$ 71,741,366	\$ 75,147,703	\$ 76,197,007	\$ 78,816,757
<b>Program revenues</b>										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services										
General government	\$ 61,811	\$ 62,235	\$ 59,224	\$ 65,661	\$ 78,871	\$ 85,586	\$ 92,360	\$ 89,503	\$ 90,874	\$ 98,343
Public safety and courts	4,047,676	3,985,838	4,192,162	4,338,495	4,635,011	4,518,708	4,357,327	4,395,400	5,414,539	5,218,777
Public works	2,234,873	2,561,400	2,586,280	2,731,542	2,686,200	2,889,655	2,904,271	3,173,461	3,189,083	3,289,978
Parks, recreation and culture	388,646	418,939	435,833	443,058	477,921	576,368	612,721	391,488	332,281	530,386
Economic development	68,137	93,257	68,010	57,850	51,046	39,047	153,127	11,606	102,005	66,295
Operating grants and contributions	2,217,909	2,863,555	2,654,380	2,139,975	3,176,857	2,267,893	3,374,237	3,490,958	5,372,517	8,143,982
Capital grants and contributions	268,999	2,372,060	1,207,142	9,064,025	6,255,540	9,520,114	1,382,806	5,368,009	3,916,396	22,457,824
Total governmental activities program revenues	9,288,051	12,357,284	11,203,031	18,840,606	17,361,446	19,897,371	12,876,849	16,920,425	18,417,695	39,805,585
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services - water and sewer	20,815,639	21,034,775	21,634,744	22,576,678	22,827,222	23,166,411	23,372,515	23,575,673	24,387,933	26,387,895
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,889,638
Capital grants and contributions	2,128,816	1,532,724	1,985,402	6,727,154	654,066	757,170	717,200	1,912,105	908,317	2,821,469
Total business-type activities program revenues	22,944,455	22,567,499	23,620,146	29,303,832	23,481,288	23,923,581	24,089,715	25,487,778	25,296,250	32,099,002
Total primary government activities program revenues	\$ 32,232,506	\$ 34,924,783	\$ 34,823,177	\$ 48,144,438	\$ 40,842,734	\$ 43,820,952	\$ 36,966,564	\$ 42,408,203	\$ 43,713,945	\$ 71,904,587

Continued

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**  
**(Accrual Basis of Accounting)**  
**UNAUDITED**

Table 2  
Page 2 of 2

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>Net (expenses)/revenues</b>										
Governmental activities	\$ (25,330,557)	\$ (24,310,263)	\$ (24,779,464)	\$ (20,656,203)	\$ (25,923,550)	\$ (25,682,682)	\$ (35,000,446)	\$ (33,559,563)	\$ (32,176,293)	\$ (12,478,649)
Business-type activities	5,990,069	4,961,261	5,960,728	8,891,316	529,694	738,749	225,644	820,063	(306,769)	5,566,479
Total primary government net expenses	\$ (19,340,488)	\$ (19,349,002)	\$ (18,818,736)	\$ (11,764,887)	\$ (25,393,856)	\$ (24,943,933)	\$ (34,774,802)	\$ (32,739,500)	\$ (32,483,062)	\$ (6,912,170)
<b>General revenues and other changes in net position</b>										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 10,132,215	\$ 9,241,692	\$ 9,637,697	\$ 10,148,185	\$ 9,935,294	\$ 9,746,300	\$ 9,857,168	\$ 10,263,884	\$ 9,633,998	\$ 10,367,700
Sales taxes										
Local options sales taxes	3,234,258	4,380,262	4,019,596	4,121,745	4,539,418	4,052,214	4,585,665	5,092,151	5,412,393	6,600,876
Local accommodations taxes	444,237	427,160	433,245	574,495	554,749	575,888	646,968	546,255	596,555	743,217
Local hospitality taxes	2,180,611	2,305,885	2,456,313	2,654,675	2,731,193	2,839,557	2,962,714	2,842,689	3,295,766	3,396,445
Franchise taxes	8,957,349	9,014,503	9,684,170	9,929,608	10,017,899	10,733,153	11,550,918	10,649,959	11,218,098	11,947,378
State shared taxes	972,987	957,975	951,401	933,862	1,025,715	999,263	1,595,660	1,050,281	1,021,742	1,032,791
Interest and other	238,191	211,001	154,366	631,365	284,611	330,675	745,913	309,370	133,407	222,447
Gain (loss) on sale of property	51,776	72,799	136,148	192,318	190,850	138,163	74,123	135,109	448,724	526,176
Transfers	1,178,717	1,557,957	1,340,599	1,379,543	1,530,655	1,681,705	1,923,203	1,946,978	1,741,845	2,081,905
Total governmental activities	27,390,341	28,169,234	28,813,535	30,565,796	30,810,384	31,096,918	33,942,332	32,836,676	33,502,528	36,918,935
Business-type activities										
Interest and other	(291,766)	406,467	503,229	1,765,981	337,245	259,884	485,294	480,181	270,827	225,381
Transfers	(1,178,717)	(1,557,957)	(1,340,599)	(1,379,543)	(1,530,655)	(1,681,705)	(1,923,203)	(1,946,978)	(1,741,845)	(2,081,905)
Total business-type activities	(1,470,483)	(1,151,490)	(837,370)	386,438	(1,193,410)	(1,421,821)	(1,437,909)	(1,466,797)	(1,471,018)	(1,856,524)
Total primary government	\$ 25,919,858	\$ 27,017,744	\$ 27,976,165	\$ 30,952,234	\$ 29,616,974	\$ 29,675,097	\$ 32,504,423	\$ 31,369,879	\$ 32,031,510	\$ 35,062,411
<b>Changes in net position</b>										
Governmental activities	\$ 2,059,784	\$ 3,858,971	\$ 4,034,071	\$ 9,909,593	\$ 4,886,834	\$ 5,414,236	\$ (1,058,114)	\$ (722,887)	\$ 1,326,235	\$ 24,440,286
Business-type activities	4,519,586	3,809,771	5,123,358	9,277,754	(663,716)	(683,072)	(1,212,265)	(646,734)	(1,777,787)	3,709,955
Total primary government	\$ 6,579,370	\$ 7,668,742	\$ 9,157,429	\$ 19,187,347	\$ 4,223,118	\$ 4,731,164	\$ (2,270,379)	\$ (1,369,621)	\$ (451,552)	\$ 28,150,241

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)  
UNAUDITED**

Table 3

	2013	2014	2015*	2016	2017	2018	2019*	2020	2021	2022
<b>General fund</b>										
Nonspendable	\$ 859,921	\$ 822,501	\$ 937,635	\$ 871,998	\$ 1,121,067	\$ 1,340,885	\$ 1,415,889	\$ 1,822,278	\$ 2,307,285	\$ 2,458,644
Restricted	2,267,285	1,356,647	1,747,994	1,271,024	8,315,700	2,373,497	1,521,922	1,210,716	27,272	17,107,413
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,718,107
Unassigned	9,956,403	12,228,926	13,939,785	17,259,471	15,343,958	16,135,376	15,177,437	14,666,602	13,708,927	13,745,700
<b>Total general fund</b>	<b>13,083,609</b>	<b>14,408,074</b>	<b>16,625,414</b>	<b>19,402,493</b>	<b>24,780,725</b>	<b>19,849,758</b>	<b>18,115,248</b>	<b>17,699,596</b>	<b>16,043,484</b>	<b>35,029,864</b>
<b>All other governmental funds</b>										
Restricted	4,318,409	3,321,746	3,674,181	4,017,629	2,563,750	1,363,618	3,608,325	2,499,494	3,240,347	2,184,837
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(550,928)	(627,586)	(356,646)
<b>Total all other governmental funds</b>	<b>4,318,409</b>	<b>3,321,746</b>	<b>3,674,181</b>	<b>4,017,629</b>	<b>2,563,750</b>	<b>1,363,618</b>	<b>3,608,325</b>	<b>1,948,566</b>	<b>2,612,761</b>	<b>1,828,191</b>
<b>Total fund balances, governmental funds</b>	<b>\$ 17,402,018</b>	<b>\$ 17,729,820</b>	<b>\$ 20,299,595</b>	<b>\$ 23,420,122</b>	<b>\$ 27,344,475</b>	<b>\$ 21,213,376</b>	<b>\$ 21,723,573</b>	<b>\$ 19,648,162</b>	<b>\$ 18,656,245</b>	<b>\$ 36,858,055</b>

\*Beginning fund balance restated

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -**  
**LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**  
**(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)**  
**UNAUDITED**

Table 4

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>Revenues</b>										
Taxes	\$ 15,933,550	\$ 16,436,999	\$ 16,703,384	\$ 17,491,876	\$ 17,222,554	\$ 17,625,474	\$ 18,023,005	\$ 18,519,027	\$ 19,242,380	\$ 21,124,119
Licenses and permits	9,301,024	9,304,157	10,017,818	10,288,917	10,505,914	11,317,317	12,019,355	11,148,864	11,952,585	12,720,217
Intergovernmental	6,570,703	9,422,466	7,952,977	15,560,058	13,766,239	16,065,032	9,122,553	11,978,795	14,272,217	32,498,594
Charges for services	2,686,487	3,049,658	3,090,515	3,186,806	3,189,280	3,436,666	3,491,444	3,568,559	3,514,808	3,782,251
Fines and forfeits	419,500	394,440	444,010	520,929	426,563	338,920	405,754	243,095	217,103	198,481
Interest earned and investment return	(21,483)	78,181	27,559	141,184	115,168	120,629	163,862	145,985	33,198	76,831
Other	106,547	141,669	103,196	503,657	172,038	363,287	1,057,146	1,119,469	489,773	2,438,986
Total revenues	\$ 34,996,328	\$ 38,827,570	\$ 38,339,459	\$ 47,693,427	\$ 45,397,756	\$ 49,267,325	\$ 44,283,119	\$ 46,723,794	\$ 49,722,064	\$ 72,839,479
<b>Expenditures</b>										
General government	\$ 5,350,291	\$ 5,334,675	\$ 5,535,277	\$ 6,196,203	\$ 6,373,283	\$ 6,384,559	\$ 6,782,912	\$ 7,763,609	\$ 7,602,476	\$ 7,467,882
Public safety	16,453,860	16,677,457	17,983,142	18,312,228	19,922,523	20,519,438	21,221,972	22,580,466	22,680,026	24,503,913
Public works	3,548,506	4,501,353	3,922,498	4,018,174	4,254,877	4,414,269	4,738,337	4,712,638	4,836,633	5,272,882
Parks and gardens	1,586,780	1,741,499	2,051,372	2,178,291	2,144,481	2,324,951	2,034,583	2,060,170	1,907,823	2,361,052
Culture and recreation	1,036,629	1,117,699	1,420,143	1,004,796	1,367,230	1,565,518	1,513,670	1,268,220	1,701,811	2,083,013
Community development	310,025	377,225	289,640	203,418	389,652	255,773	371,838	294,684	668,227	465,058
Economic development	2,030,994	1,617,646	1,670,764	1,911,249	1,976,225	2,027,683	2,175,110	2,155,114	2,080,253	2,237,779
Capital outlay	2,980,566	6,920,566	3,828,240	11,788,296	11,532,355	24,808,032	8,722,710	8,623,984	11,904,821	10,735,670
Debt service										
Principal	1,675,465	2,459,785	1,764,903	1,837,738	1,870,817	2,215,542	2,441,317	2,447,385	2,719,370	2,776,357
Interest and other charges	265,934	238,459	184,848	172,802	154,941	223,344	312,106	439,375	452,778	409,920
Total expenditures	\$ 35,239,050	\$ 40,986,364	\$ 38,650,827	\$ 47,623,195	\$ 49,986,384	\$ 64,739,109	\$ 50,314,555	\$ 52,345,645	\$ 56,554,218	\$ 58,313,525
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	\$ (242,722)	\$ (2,158,794)	\$ (311,368)	\$ 70,232	\$ (4,588,628)	\$ (15,471,784)	\$ (6,031,436)	\$ (5,621,851)	\$ (6,832,154)	\$ 14,525,954
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>										
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,495,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 2,550,000	\$ -
Capital leases issued	733,000	733,000	1,295,000	1,450,000	2,128,816	1,407,000	1,896,000	1,216,000	1,077,315	977,442
Sale of property	267,444	204,306	145,544	220,752	358,510	251,981	667,429	383,462	471,077	616,509
Transfers in	2,534,361	2,945,413	3,039,094	3,041,475	3,553,025	3,885,076	4,106,733	4,539,497	4,069,322	4,710,347
Transfers out	(1,355,644)	(1,396,123)	(1,698,495)	(1,661,932)	(2,022,370)	(2,203,372)	(2,183,530)	(2,592,519)	(2,327,477)	(2,628,442)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 2,179,161	\$ 2,486,596	\$ 2,781,143	\$ 3,050,295	\$ 8,512,981	\$ 9,340,685	\$ 6,486,632	\$ 3,546,440	\$ 5,840,237	\$ 3,675,856
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,936,439	\$ 327,802	\$ 2,469,775	\$ 3,120,527	\$ 3,924,353	\$ (6,131,099)	\$ 455,196	\$ (2,075,411)	\$ (991,917)	\$ 18,201,810
Debt service as a percentage of										
Non-capital expenditures	6.02%	7.92%	5.60%	5.61%	5.27%	6.11%	6.62%	6.60%	7.10%	6.70%



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY -**  
**LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**  
**(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)**  
**UNAUDITED**

Table 5											
Fiscal Year	Real Property			Personal Property			Less, Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Total Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Total	Motor Vehicles	Other	Total					
2013	99,490	1,180	100,670	14,280	13,950	28,230	250	128,650	102	2,489,160	5.17%
2014	100,510	1,290	101,800	15,850	14,840	30,690	250	132,240	102	2,613,680	5.06%
2015	102,330	1,540	103,870	15,560	15,620	31,180	250	134,800	102	2,763,010	4.88%
2016	103,620	1,040	104,660	16,230	14,460	30,690	-	135,350	102	2,804,650	4.83%
2017	105,500	1,320	106,820	16,770	13,190	29,960	-	136,780	102	2,852,210	4.80%
2018	105,900	1,280	107,180	15,560	13,820	29,380	-	136,560	102	2,841,758	4.81%
2019	107,540	1,270	108,810	15,420	14,270	29,690	-	138,500	102	2,887,540	4.80%
2020	110,050	1,310	111,360	14,440	14,530	28,970	-	140,330	102	2,890,570	4.85%
2021	113,700	1,240	114,940	13,580	13,650	27,230	-	142,170	102	2,897,640	4.91%
2022	125,103	1,290	126,393	15,520	13,690	29,210	-	155,603	102	2,898,500	5.37%

State statute requires reassessment every 5 years. Reassessed values are reflected for fiscal years 2013, 2017, and 2022.

The City has a tax increment district. The total millage for the City is listed.

Source: Sumter County Auditor

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
PROPERTY TAX RATES -  
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
UNAUDITED**

Table 6

				Overlapping Rates						Table 6
City of Sumter(1)				Sumter County (2)			Sumter County School District (2)			
Debt      Total				Debt      Total			Debt      Total			
Fiscal Year	Operating Millage	Service Millage	City Millage	Operating Millage	Service Millage	County Millage	Operating Millage	Service Millage	School Millage	Total
2013    (3)	97.00	5.00	102.00	90.30	15.00	105.30	151.00	60.00	211.00	418.30
2014	97.00	5.00	102.00	92.00	15.00	107.00	151.00	60.00	211.00	420.00
2015	97.00	5.00	102.00	92.00	15.00	107.00	151.00	60.00	211.00	420.00
2016	97.00	5.00	102.00	96.30	15.00	111.30	151.00	60.00	211.00	424.30
2017    (3)	97.00	5.00	102.00	98.20	15.00	113.20	160.10	60.00	220.10	435.30
2018	98.00	4.00	102.00	98.20	15.00	113.20	160.10	50.00	210.10	425.30
2019	98.00	4.00	102.00	98.20	15.00	113.20	160.10	50.00	210.10	425.30
2020	98.00	4.00	102.00	98.20	15.00	113.20	160.10	60.00	220.10	435.30
2021	98.00	4.00	102.00	100.10	15.00	115.10	160.10	60.00	220.10	437.20
2022    (3)	98.00	4.00	102.00	95.90	15.00	110.90	159.40	60.00	219.40	432.30

(1) Source: City of Sumter Finance Department

(2) Source: Sumter County Auditor

(3) Reassessment year

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS -  
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO  
(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)  
UNAUDITED**

Table 7

Taxpayer	Fiscal Year 2022			Fiscal Year 2013		
	2021 Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	2012 Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Duke Energy Progress, Inc.	\$ 3,070	1	1.97%	\$ 1,810	1	1.41%
Retreat At Sumter Apartments, LLC	2,090	2	1.34%			
Safe Federal Credit Union	1,330	3	0.85%	650	7	0.51%
SRC Piedmont Plantation, LLC	1,280	4	0.82%	790	5	0.61%
Ashton Mill OF Sumter	1,030	5	0.66%			
WEG Sumter, LLC	840	6	0.54%			
Scott H Lee Jr as Trustee (Wal-Mart)	770	7	0.49%	540	9	
Select-Wesmark Plaza, LLC	720	8	0.46%			
Formed Fiber Technologies	640	9	0.41%			
Wal Mart Stores	620	10	0.40%			
FTC Diversified				1,450	2	1.13%
SCE&G				830	3	0.65%
Sumter Mall, HSI				820	4	0.64%
Frontier Communications				740	6	0.58%
Farmers Telephone				630	8	0.49%
Lowes of Sumter				530	10	0.41%
Totals	<u>\$ 12,390</u>		<u>7.96%</u>	<u>\$ 8,790</u>		<u>6.41%</u>

Source: Sumter County Auditor

Total assessed for tax year 2021: 155,603,450

Total assessed for tax year 2012: 128,649,120

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)  
UNAUDITED**

Table 8

Fiscal Year	Tax Year		Total Property Taxes Levied (1)	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	
				Amount	Percentage of Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	2012	(2)	11,977,497	11,392,858	95.1%	420,796	11,813,654	98.6%
2014	2013		11,480,498	10,944,324	95.3%	403,478	11,347,802	98.8%
2015	2014		11,651,219	11,048,894	94.8%	481,120	11,530,014	99.0%
2016	2015		11,851,852	11,275,710	95.1%	350,093	11,625,803	98.1%
2017	2016	(2)	12,863,548	11,108,124	86.4%	381,520	11,489,644	89.3%
2018	2017		12,048,082	11,408,139	94.7%	374,376	11,782,515	97.8%
2019	2018		12,255,517	11,493,277	93.8%	526,371	12,019,648	98.1%
2020	2019		13,418,619	11,967,297	89.2%	365,119	12,332,416	91.9%
2021	2020		12,724,472	12,169,873	95.6%	321,570	12,491,443	98.2%
2022	2021	(2)	14,278,590	13,715,170	96.1%	-	13,715,170	96.1%

Source: Sumter County Treasurer - real property only

(1) Includes levy for real estate property taxes, net of homestead exemption

(2) Reassessment

Property taxes are collected by the Sumter County Treasurer's office.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
UNAUDITED**

Table 9

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Population (1)	Per Capita (1)
	General	Revenue	Tax	Note Payable	Capital	Revenue	Notes	Capital				
	Obligation Bonds	Bonds	Increment Bonds	HUD	Leases	Bonds	Payable	Leases				
2013	4,051,216	1,501,000	-	1,432,000	2,474,168	34,675,735	-	-	44,134,119	3.39%	40,293	1,095
2014	3,395,067	1,263,000	-	673,000	2,400,533	32,717,272	-	-	40,448,872	3.03%	40,218	1,006
2015	2,714,307	1,020,000	-	636,000	2,891,391	30,684,808	-	-	37,946,506	2.77%	40,143	945
2016	2,255,462	772,000	-	597,000	3,249,497	57,661,193	-	-	64,535,152	4.61%	40,068	1,611
2017	1,781,443	519,000	4,500,000	556,000	4,275,517	54,834,352	-	361,953	66,828,265	4.63%	39,982	1,671
2018	7,297,137	262,000	4,295,000	513,000	4,456,281	51,903,418	-	287,154	69,013,990	4.65%	39,656	1,740
2019	6,797,426	2,000,000	4,095,000	467,000	4,918,671	48,847,455	-	239,620	67,365,172	4.40%	39,656	1,699
2020	6,068,199	2,000,000	3,750,000	419,000	4,809,514	46,650,000	-	110,711	63,807,424	3.51%	43,463	1,468
2021	5,319,333	4,287,000	3,400,000	368,000	4,580,326	44,460,000	-	453,547	62,868,206	3.38%	42,976	1,463
2022	4,551,000	4,017,000	3,045,000	314,000	4,228,744	42,220,000	-	309,553	58,685,297	3.12%	42,976	1,366

(1) See Table 14 Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
UNAUDITED**

Table 10

Fiscal Year	General Bonded Debt Outstanding			Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Redevelopment Bonds	Total		
2013	4,051,216	-	4,051,216	0.16%	101
2014	3,395,067	-	3,395,067	0.13%	84
2015	2,714,307	-	2,714,307	0.10%	68
2016	2,255,462	-	2,255,462	0.08%	56
2017	1,781,443	-	1,781,443	0.06%	45
2018	7,297,137	-	7,297,137	0.26%	184
2019	6,797,426	-	6,797,426	0.24%	171
2020	6,068,199	-	6,068,199	0.21%	140
2021	5,319,333	-	5,319,333	0.18%	124
2022	4,551,000	-	4,551,000	0.14%	106

(1) Source: City of Sumter Finance Department

Details of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Property tax values data can be found in Table 5.

Population data can be found in Table 14.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT**  
**AS OF JUNE 30, 2022**  
**UNAUDITED**

Table 11

Governmental Unit	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to City of Sumter	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt Applicable to City of Sumter
<b>Overlapping debt</b>			
Sumter County School District	\$ 7,092,000 (1)	35% (4)	\$ 2,482,200
Sumter County General Obligation	4,826,000 (2)	35% (4)	<u>1,689,100</u>
<b>Subtotal , overlapping debt</b>			<u>\$ 4,171,300</u>
<b>City direct debt</b>			
General obligation bonds	4,551,000 (3)	100%	\$ 4,551,000
Revenue bonds	4,017,000 (3)	100%	4,017,000
Tax increment bonds	3,045,000 (3)	100%	3,045,000
Note payable - HUD	314,000 (3)	100%	314,000
Capital leases	4,228,744 (3)	100%	<u>4,228,744</u>
<b>Total direct debt</b>			<u>\$ 16,155,744</u>
<b>Total direct and overlapping debt</b>			<u><u>\$ 20,327,044</u></u>

(1) Source: Sumter County School District

(2) Source: Sumter County Finance Department

(3) Source: City of Sumter Finance Department

(4) Estimate based on population of City vs. County

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
UNAUDITED**

Table 12

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	\$ 10,291,930	\$ 10,599,762	\$ 10,784,548	\$ 10,828,079	\$ 10,942,261	\$ 10,924,976	\$ 11,080,672	\$ 11,226,822	\$ 11,126,496	\$ 12,448,276
Total net debt applicable to limit	4,051,216	3,395,067	2,714,307	2,255,462	1,781,443	7,297,137	6,797,426	6,068,199	5,319,333	4,551,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 6,240,714	\$ 7,204,695	\$ 8,070,241	\$ 8,572,617	\$ 9,160,818	\$ 3,627,839	\$ 4,283,246	\$ 5,158,623	\$ 5,807,163	\$ 7,897,276
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	39.36%	32.03%	25.17%	20.83%	16.28%	66.79%	61.34%	54.05%	47.81%	36.56%

**Calculation of legal debt margin for fiscal year 2022:**

Total assessed value	155,603,450
Debt limit (8% of total assessed value)	12,448,276
Less, total general obligation bonds outstanding	(4,551,000)
Legal debt margin	7,897,276



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
 PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE -  
 WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY -  
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
 UNAUDITED**

Table 13

Fiscal Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available For Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements			Revenue Bond Coverage Ratio
				Principal	Interest	Total	
2013	20,187,801	11,421,967	8,765,834	1,914,410	1,585,618	3,500,028	2.50
2014	20,512,584	12,245,322	8,267,262	1,958,463	1,517,983	3,476,446	2.38
2015	21,077,607	12,150,809	8,926,798	2,032,464	1,447,782	3,480,246	2.56
2016	21,956,162	14,151,646	7,804,516	1,863,615	1,593,319	3,456,934	2.26
2017	22,213,560	15,693,861	6,519,699	2,826,841	2,073,590	4,900,431	1.33
2018	22,542,250	14,795,460	7,746,790	2,930,934	1,967,440	4,898,374	1.58
2019	22,601,774	15,292,613	7,309,161	3,055,963	1,843,023	4,898,986	1.49
2020	22,755,559	15,951,551	6,804,008	2,197,455	1,739,054	3,936,509	1.73
2021	23,558,270	17,140,713	6,417,557	2,190,000	1,687,025	3,877,025	1.66
2022	25,556,036	17,191,053	8,364,983	2,240,000	1,631,650	3,871,650	2.16

(1) Total revenues exclusive of interest earnings and non-operating income.

(2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation, amortization, and interest expense

Source: City of Sumter Finance Department

Details of the outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
UNAUDITED**

Table 14

Fiscal Year	Population	Per Capita Income	Personal Income	School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2013	40,293 (3)	32,309 (2)	1,301,826,537	16,251	10.3%
2014	40,218 (3)	33,211 (2)	1,335,679,998	17,045	8.8%
2015	40,143 (3)	34,166 (2)	1,371,525,738	17,237	6.1%
2016	40,068 (3)	34,974 (2)	1,401,338,232	16,511	7.4%
2017	39,982 (1)	36,128 (2)	1,444,469,696	16,393	5.7%
2018	39,656 (1)	37,440 (2)	1,484,720,640	16,501	4.8%
2019	39,656 (1)	38,573 (2)	1,529,650,888	16,387	3.6%
2020	43,463 (1)	41,807 (2)	1,817,057,641	15,788	3.7%
2021	42,976 (1)	43,245 (1)	1,858,497,120	15,197	8.7% *
2022	42,976 (1)	43,831 (1)	1,883,681,056	14,820	4.0%

(1) Source: US Census Bureau

(2) Source: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

(3) Source: Estimate by City of Sumter Finance Department

(4) Source: Sumter County School District

\* Increase reflects potential impacts from COVID-19 pandemic

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS -  
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO  
UNAUDITED**

Table 15

Employer	2022			2013 *		
	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Shaw Air Force Base (1)	9,447	1	23.81%	9,031	1	23.22%
Sumter County School District (3)	2,491	2	6.28%	2,608	2	6.71%
Continental Tire the Americas (2)	1,299	3	3.27%			
Prisma Health Tuomey (4)	1,196	4	3.01%	1,788	4	4.60%
Pilgrim's Inc. (2)	1,020	5	2.57%	2,108	3	5.42%
Thompson Industrial (2)	1,000	6	2.52%			
BD Diagnostics, Preamerical Solutions (2)	838	7	2.11%	770	8	1.98%
State of South Carolina (5)	785	8	1.98%	1,060	5	2.73%
Eaton Electrical (2)	700	9	1.76%	850	7	2.19%
Sitel Group (Sykes) (Data Center) (2)	650	10	1.64%	950	6	2.44%
Sumter County Government (2)				667	9	1.72%
City of Sumter (6)				548	10	1.41%
Total Employment	39,673			38,888		

Table reflects data for the entire county of Sumter

(1) Source: Shaw Air Force Base Public Affairs Department

(2) Source: Sumter County Development Board

(3) Source: Sumter School District

(4) Source: Prisma Health Tuomey

(5) Source: State of South Carolina Department of Administration

(6) Source: City of Sumter

\*Management Estimate

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION -**  
**LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**  
**UNAUDITED**

Table 16

<b>Function/Program</b>	<b>Fiscal Year</b>									
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>General government</b>										
Administrative	28	27	25	25	25	25	31	31.5	32.5	32.5
City store	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Planning	10	11	8	10	10	11	11	11.5	11	11
Business license	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Downtown	3	4	5	6	5	6	7	7.5	7.5	7.5
<b>Public safety</b>										
Building inspections	12	12	11	12	11	12	12	11	10	10
Codes	5	4	6	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
Police (1)	124	120	120	120	122	143	143	143	142.5	145.5
Police city-county	34	35	33	37	33	33	33	33.5	36.5	33.5
Municipal Court	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire	101	104	106	107	108	101	101	102	101.5	101.5
<b>Public works</b>										
Construction	6	9	10	9	10	12	12	12	12	12
Engineering	7	7	7	9	7	7	6	6	6	6
Public works	10	8	8	9	8	9	9	9	9	9
Vehicle maintenance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sanitation	39	39	38	37	39	41	41	41	41	41
<b>Parks and gardens</b>	34	38	39	38	39	33	33	33	33	33
<b>Recreation</b>	7	6	7	7	9	9	21	21	22	22
<b>Stornwater</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
<b>Community development</b>										
Hope centers	11	11	12	12	12	11	11	11	12	11
<b>Water and sewer</b>										
Utility billing	28	29	27	28	26	27	27	28	28	28
Water & sewer distribution	29	32	30	28	29	33	33	32	32	32
Mechanical maintenance	9	10	11	10	12	11	11	11	11	11
Water plants	12	12	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	16
Sewer plant	26	26	26	26	25	28	28	28	29	29
Electrical maintenance	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Mayesville	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
<b>TOTAL EMPLOYEES</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>588</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>610</b>	<b>617.5</b>	<b>617.5</b>

(1) Police, Police Clerical and Victims Assistance have been combined.

Note: Full time employees are counted as one equivalent, while part time employees are counted as a half of an equivalent

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
UNAUDITED**

Table 17

Function/Program	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>General government (4)</b>										
Building permits issued -										
Commercial	182	176	135	213	209	173	165	559	590	517
Residential	873	763	862	1,017	881	795	762	1,759	1,963	2,425
<b>Police (1)</b>										
Number of police calls	71,292	82,493	87,492	86,440	75,767	72,838	76,635	77,929	90,125	69,484
Traffic violations	4,701	4,240	6,404	6,469	5,028	2,197	4,995	2,765	1,686	1,890
<b>Fire (2)</b>										
Calls answered	2,131	2,980	3,050	3,188	3,007	3,185	3,811	2,450	5,619	3,942
<b>Water system (3)</b>										
Service connections	23,095	23,184	23,305	23,079	23,068	23,708	23,673	23,673	23,991	24,344
Average daily consumptions (in millions of gallons)	11.2	11.5	11.9	12.3	13.1	13.9	13.3	11.7	12.7	13.4
Maximum daily capacity (in millions of gallons)	23.3	23.3	23.3	23.3	23.3	20.1	27.3	27.3	27.3	27.3
<b>Wastewater system (3)</b>										
Service connections	16,755	16,853	17,039	17,355	17,178	17,814	17,783	17,783	18,083	18,367
Average daily treatment (in millions of gallons)	8.0	10.0	8.6	11.6	10.4	10.4	11.9	12.86	11.28	9.45
Maximum daily capacity (in millions of gallons)	15.0	15.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	15.0	15.0

(1) Source: City of Sumter Police Department

(2) Source: City of Sumter Fire Department

(3) Source: City of Sumter Public Services Department

(4) Source: City of Sumter Building Inspection/Codes Departments

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM -  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  
UNAUDITED**

Table 18

Function/Program	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Police (1)</b>										
Stations	*3	*3	*3	*3	*3	*3	*3	*3	*3	*3
<b>Fire stations (2)</b>	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
<b>Highways and streets (3)</b>										
Streets (in miles)**	87	89	89	91	93	93	95	95	95	95
Streetlights	2,636	2,645	2,673	1,492	1,516	2,406	2,410	2,410	2,410	2,410
<b>Culture and recreation (4)</b>										
Community centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	3	3
Parks	23	23	23	23	23	24	26	26	26	26
Park acreage	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	270
Water park	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Aquatic center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	27	27	27	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
<b>Water system (4)</b>										
Water mains (in miles)	468	472	470	474	471	471	473	473	473	473
Fire hydrants	1,601	1,585	1,638	1,640	1,643	1,650	1,659	1,659	1,659	1,659
<b>Wastewater system (4)</b>										
Sanitary sewers (in miles)	336	339	340	341	342	342	344	344	344	344
Treatment plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

\*Number of police stations and annexes

(1) Source: City of Sumter Police Department

(2) Source: City of Sumter Fire Department

(3) Source: City of Sumter Planning, Engineering, and Codes Departments

(4) Source: City of Sumter Public Services/Engineering Departments

## ***REGULATORY SECTION***

**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

<b>Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</b>	<b>Federal CFDA Number</b>	<b>Pass-through Entity Identifying Number</b>	<b>Federal Expenditures</b>
<b>Department of Defense Pass Through Program</b>			
Department of Homeland Security	97.036	FEMA-4241-DR-SC	\$ 63,139
Federal Emergency Management Agency Pass-through Program From			
South Carolina Emergency Management Division			
<b>Total Department of Defense</b>			<u>\$ 63,139</u>
<b>Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs:</b>			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20-MC-45-0011	\$ 74,582
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-21-MC-45-0011	116,024
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-22-MC-45-0011	30,424
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20MW-45-0011	243,552
Department of Housing and Urban Development Pass-through Programs From:			
South Carolina Office of Resilience Disaster Recovery	14.228	B-18-DP-06-0002	112,159
Community Development Block Grant/Disaster Recovery			
<b>Total Department of Housing and Urban Development</b>			<u>\$ 576,741</u>
<b>Department of Justice Direct Programs:</b>			
Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2020BUBX20021893	\$ 3,323
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2020DJBX0670	20,913
Corona Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	2020VDBX0101	7,717
Department of Justice Pass-through Programs From:			
South Carolina Department of Public Safety			
Victims of Crime	16.575	1V19116	19,788
Victims of Crime	16.575	1V20023	811
<b>Total Department of Justice</b>			<u>\$ 52,552</u>
<b>Department of Transportation Pass-through Programs From:</b>			
South Carolina Department of Transportation			
Federal Transit-Metropolitan Planning Grants	20.205		\$ 266,714
<b>Total Department of Transportation</b>			<u>\$ 266,714</u>
<b>Department of the Treasury Direct Program</b>			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		\$ 7,555,526
<b>Total Department of the Treasury</b>			<u>\$ 7,555,526</u>
<b>Total Expenditures of Federal Awards</b>			<u><u>\$ 8,514,672</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.



**CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA**  
**NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2022**

**Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes federal grant activity of the City of Sumter under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Sumter, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Sumter.

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the *Uniform Guidance* and/or OMB Circular A-122, *Cost Principles for Non-profit Organizations*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

**Subrecipients**

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
<b>Department of the Treasury</b>		
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	\$ 370,000
Total provided to subrecipients		<u>\$ 370,000</u>

**Indirect Cost Rate**

The City has elected not to use the 10% *de minimus* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# THE BRITTINGHAM GROUP, L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

City Council  
City of Sumter  
21 North Main Street  
Post Office Box 1449  
Sumter, South Carolina 29151

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sumter, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2022.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Brittingham Group LLP

West Columbia, South Carolina  
December 8, 2022

# THE BRITTINGHAM GROUP, L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City Council  
City of Sumter  
21 North Main Street  
Post Office Box 1449  
Sumter, SC 29151

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### *Opinion on Each Major Federal Program*

We have audited the City of Sumter's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### *Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program*

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to the financial audit contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The signature is written in a cursive, handwritten style. It reads "The Brittingham Group LLP". The ink is dark, and the signature is placed within a thin rectangular border.

West Columbia, South Carolina  
December 8, 2022

CITY OF SUMTER, SOUTH CAROLINA  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

**Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results**

**Financial Statements**

Type of Auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

       Yes      X   None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

       Yes      X   None

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

       Yes      X   None

**Federal Awards**

Internal Control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

       Yes      X   None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered being material weakness(es)

       Yes      X   None

Type of Auditors' report issued on compliance for  
major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be  
reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)

       Yes      X   No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number

Program Name

21.027

State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

       \$    750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

  X   Yes           No

**Section II - Financial Statements**

None.

**Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs**

No matters reported.

No prior year audit findings.